

# The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXIV—NUMBER 11.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1918.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

## THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

### Events of Interest From Washington

By J. E. Jones

#### CONGRESS LOSES ITS RECESS

Borahman, the cartoonist, publishes a picture of Congress, which he represents as a naughty schoolboy "kept in." Happy farmers and political opponents of the Congressmen are having merry times in the border of the picture, back home. The Senate, by a majority of one, voted for a recess, but when the proposition got back to the House the members of that body felt that it might prove difficult to explain to their constituents why they had left Washington at a time when President Wilson was asking Congress to give him power to take over the telegraph and telephone lines.

The threatened strike of employees of the Western Union failed to materialize, and the employees wired Senators in great numbers protesting against Government control. In the final meetings held by the wire operators, before the strike was abandoned, it developed that there was opposition to Postmaster General Burleson as the probable director of the wire lines. Naturally this direction would fall to Mr. Burleson, since it is assumed that in case the lines are taken over that they would be operated in connection with the Postoffice Department. Mr. Burleson became the chief agitator of his pet plan for Government control of wire lines at the very moment when industrial troubles were threatened with the Western Union Telegraph Company.

#### DISTRIBUTING THE PENALTY

Allusions in the Scriptures to the fact that rain falls upon the just and unjust alike are familiar to most everyone who has learned the lessons taught in Sunday School. The same philosophy is easily applied to the situation with reference to Government control of the wire lines. The telephone company has had no trouble with their employees, and they have efficiently met the responsibilities and requirements of the nation in war-time. As a matter of fact there has been little criticism with respect to the little service outside of a few congested points. The telephone and telegraph interests were divorced by the government several years ago. On behalf of the telephone companies it is asserted that they have given better service to the Government than has been obtained by any of the European nations that own their own lines.

Just why institutions that are running smoothly should be taken in charge by the Government because some other similar concern is not performing its proper functions is a matter that is being seriously debated in Washington. It early became quite evident that the Western Union Telegraph Company did not seriously object to Government control of its organization. On the other hand the telephone company, which has built one of the greatest organizations in the history of the world, took the position that it should not be confused with the internal and labor difficulties of the telephone lines. However, the telephone company made it clear that it would in no manner oppose, or seek to interfere with the policy the President desired to carry out. It is a valuable proof of the loyalty of Americans that in hardly a single instance has an owner of any great property interests sought to even argue the question of the control of their affairs by the Government.

#### GOVERNMENT CONTROL AS A WAR MEASURE

It is recognized that the need of centralized Government action occasioned the taking over of the railroads, and the appointment of an Administrator to direct their affairs. During the coal famine last winter there was a persistent effort in behalf of the Government control of coal mines, and had not the job been such a complicated one it doubtless would have been put through. There has been similar agitation with reference to the packing house interests, and this has been augmented by the fact that the packers have been getting a good deal more money than they ought to be making in war time. The most recent drive made against private ownership of the wire lines is easily traceable to the activities of the Postmaster General. Mr. Burleson has argued out that he could add them to the postoffice system next evening after dinner.

#### PUBLIC UTILITIES

Honorable John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, told Congress in his annual report that the light, heat, power and electric railway transportation companies "are threatened

## GRANGE NEWS

### FRANKLIN GRANGE

Franklin Grange celebrated Gentlemen's Night, Saturday evening, July 20. Sixty-five members were present. The following program was given:

Musical: Ned Lovejoy, Choir; Reading: Ned Lovejoy; Piano Solo: Miss Rowena Ring; Dramatic: Dana Dudley; Illustrated Song: Mrs. Ned Lovejoy; Reading, encore: Colby Ring; Musical: Colby Ring; Original Essay: Ralph M. Bacon; Piano Selection: Mr. and Mrs. Wisco; Question: Some of the duties, we, as representatives of this great order of Patrons of Husbandry owe our families, our State and our Nation. Opened by G. W. Q. Perham, followed by Mr. Wisco, then Martha K. Dudley for the Sister's side. Claude Cushman, Dr. Willard, Ned Swan and several others also spoke on the question.

The next meeting is Ladies' Night, August 3.

### BEAR RIVER GRANGE

Bear River Grange held its regular meeting July 6 in Grange Hall at 8.40 P. M., with a good attendance and several visitors from West Bethel Grange. The following committees were appointed by the Master and Overseer for the fair this fall:

Secretary: Fred Wright.  
Treasurer: Leon Roberts.  
Vegetable and farm produce: Martha Barlett, S. P. Davis, Ida Wight, Leon Roberts.  
Stock: M. A. Holt, H. O. Chapman, C. E. Saunders, A. F. Brooks.  
Drawing Horses: Eli Stearns, F. L. French, Robert Bean.  
Ball Game: P. O. Brinck, Roy Stearns, Elmer Bean.  
Refreshment Tent: Fred Wright, C. E. Saunders.  
Nine Pin Game: L. E. Wight, Roy Bennett.  
Dinner: Florence Kilgore, Cora Davis, Addie Saunders, Nellie Chapman.  
Supper: Sarah Stearns, Nellie Holt, Mauda Bailey, Susan Wight.  
Dance: Earl Davis, P. O. Brinck, Guy Vail.  
Committee to sell tickets: Elson Hammond; to collect tickets: Elson Chapman.

Advertising Committee: Gwendolyn Godwin, L. E. Wight, Bro. McPherson. Fancy Work: Willing Workers. Grounds: A. E. Bailey, D. C. Smith. On motion it was voted to take a penny collection to buy flowers for Brother Kilgore who is in the hospital at Rumford. Grange closed in form. Regular meeting of Bear River Grange, 285, was held in Grange Hall, July 20, at 8.30 P. M., worthy Master in chair filled vacant chairs as follows: Gate Keeper, D. C. Smith; Ceres, Slater Roberts; Flora, Slater Brinck. Minutes of last meeting read. On motion it was voted to ask Pomona to meet with us the first of September. Committee appointed for next dance: Elson Chapman; Supper, Susan Wight.

Literary program:  
Song, Star Spangled Banner, By all.  
Reading: Una Roberts.  
Song, encore, Ferol Brink, Earl Davis.  
Song: Gwendolyn Godwin.  
The worthy Lecturer gave out word that each member was to entertain five minutes next meeting. Closed in form.

### PARIS GRANGE

Paris Grange met July 30 and the chairs were filled by the following ladies: Master, Mrs. Frank Dudley; Overseer, Edith Thayer; Chaplain, Mrs. Titcomb; L. A. Steward, Mrs. Eva Roberts; Assistant Steward, Rose Swan; Steward, Ethel Calhoun; Gate Keeper, Mary Swan; Secretary, Mary Cummings; Lecturer, Mrs. Rose Brooks.

#### Program:

Musical, Star Spangled Banner.  
Reading: Rose Swan.  
Reading: Carrie Dudley.  
Original Poem in costume, Mrs. Jesenia Thayer.  
Reading: Mrs. Florence Hicks.  
Question for discussion, What can we do with two pounds of sugar?  
Song, My Old Kentucky Home.  
Voted to have a picnic and Children's Day combined August 17 in Ames' grove.

### LOANS TO OUR ALLIES

The United States has now loaned to our allies \$4,000,000,000. The advances average about \$100,000,000 a month. These loans to our allies are analogous to lending weapons to friends who are aiding you in the defense of your own home. The money is being used to defeat our enemy, to maintain armies fighting side by side with our soldiers, and fleets patrolling the same oceans with our sailors.

## CHURCH ACTIVITIES

### CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Sunday: Morning worship with sermon by the pastor at 10.45. Sunday School at 12. Union service in the chapel at 7 in the evening. Subject, "My Favorite Psalm." The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. Henry Austin, Thursday evening at three o'clock. Mid-week service, Tuesday evening at 7.30.

### METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday services: Morning worship at 10.45. Sermon by pastor; subject, "The Privilege of the Saints." Sunday School at 12. Evening service at 7.30. Class meeting Tuesday night at 7.30. The Women's Home Missionary Society will hold their annual meeting and election of officers Thursday night, July 25, at 7.30. Meeting will be held in the vestry. Epworth League business meeting on Friday night at 7.30 in the vestry.

### UNIVERSALIST CHURCH

Morning service at 10.45. Sunday School at 12. No evening service, but union service at the Congregational church. Next Sunday will be the closing service at the Universalist church until after the August vacation. All services will be resumed in September.

### SCHOOL NOTES

#### GILEAD SCHOOL

The Gilead school closed Friday, July 5. The following program was given at the church in the evening with admission ten cents. The school cleared \$5.50 from which they will pay for having the organ tuned.

School Play: Salute, Allied Sons of Liberty, Song, School A Toast, Pulling a Basting Thread, Joan of Arc, Song, Madge Kimball. When Some Fellow's Daily Kills Some Fellow's Dad, Theodore Carey. The Deacon's Oxen, Emeline Heath. History of Our Flag, Bernard Swan. Be Careful What You Say, Jeffery Foster.

Patrols: Mary, Sophia Foster. Her Awful Dream, Vera Fraser. No Want Pledge, Clifford Cole. America, I Raised a Boy For You, Song, Pearl Coffin. Economy That Wasn't, Ethel Coffin. The Old Flag Forever, Vendla Anderson. Only a Song, Madge Carey. Our School-room Clock, Priscilla Curtis. The Mother of a Soldier, Grace Bennett.

Barbara Frolicher, Emeline Heath. Getting Acquainted, Thomas Melville. Politeness, Frank Billedeau. The Man Behind The Plow, Howard Wheeler. Star Spangled Banner, Song, Jeannette Fraser. How Dorothy Grows, Reta Wheeler. Only a Volunteer, Charles Melville. There's Work to Do, Vera Fraser. A Parent's Plea, Carl Richardson. Passed by the Census, Madge Carey. Discovery of America, Thomas Melville. Good for Little Folks, Jeannette Fraser. Why Betty Didn't Laugh, Hazel Kimball.

The Colors of the Flag, Sophia Foster. Priscilla Curtis, Reta Wheeler. Goshy Broadway, Song, Vera Fraser. Correspondence Course in Medicine, Ethel Coffin. Heroes at the Rear, Charles Melville. Somewhere in France, Song, Vendla Anderson. Hero in Blue Overalls, Emeline Heath. If I Am Not At The Roll Call, Song, Madge Carey. All America, All.

Pupils not absent one day during the year—Thomas Melville. Pupils not absent one day during the term—Clifford Cole, Thomas Melville. Pupils not absent more than one day during the term—Emeline Heath. Margie E. Jordan, teacher.

### ANNUAL FAIR AND SUPPER

At The Universalist Chapel, Wednesday, July 31.

There will be on sale aprons, pillow slips, towels, knitting bags, pin cushions and other useful and fancy articles. Ice cream on sale during the afternoon. Supper will be served at 6.15. Dished bread, brown bread, salads, oatmeal bread, pies and cookies, all for 35 cents.

### NOTICE

The Get-together Club of Oxbell Academy will meet at the Academy for their annual picnic at 10.15, Aug. 14.

## GILBERT TUELL

### IN MEMORIAM

Not without hesitancy is the reserve so long imposed upon us broken. He could best face his tragedy, make his fight, in silence. As far as possible, and much farther than would have been possible to one of less comfortable will, he ignored, and compelled his friends to ignore, his illness. He shrank from even the tenderest touch upon his wounds. It would have been a brave person who would have ventured to put into words the sympathy and admiration his heroism has awakened. It was lately said, "Only those who lived with him in his own home, who sat at his table, really knew him." It is of course true that those who saw him in that happy atmosphere had the best opportunity to know the unusual charm of his nature, the companionableness, the courtesy, the same outlook upon life, the inclusive wit, the playful humor, which even these last years of grim struggle could not obliterate but which flashed out delightfully almost to the end. It was largely this sense of humor I suppose that gave him always a certain boyishness, which makes his death at sixty-four seem untimely, like that of a young man. But his townspeople knew him well enough to award him affection and honor in an unusual degree.

Two incidents stand out particularly in my mind as showing the man Mr. Tuell was, one near, the other remote. Last April one of his neighbors started one day for the post office with a rather large box for the afternoon mail. As she came out of her door she saw Mr. Tuell on the other side of the street. The road was muddy and she kept to her own side hoping that he would not notice her with the parcel. But he reckoned without the man. He did see, and crossed, and with the delightful manner which one loves to recall, said, "Let me take your box." She had to think quickly. She knew perfectly well that to carry that parcel would surely tax his pitifully diminishing strength. But knowing him, she also knew that the affront to his spirit of being considered so far disabled as to be incapable of a courtesy would be a worse hurt, and she surrendered the box.

Years ago a group of people joined one day in reproaching a friend for a position of hers which they did not approve. They were good people, almost invariably just and right in their judgment, and so the most difficult in the world to refute. This time they were wrong. But attempt at defense seemed useless. At last she brokenly said, "I am sorry you have all so changed toward me." Mr. Tuell, who was present, then spoke for the first time. He said quietly, "But Miss — I have not changed at all." Those few words seemed complete vindication, outbalancing the accusations of the others.

Highhearted courtesy, loyalty, steadfastness, these are among the best things which he contributed to the sum of human good. The restraint which he laid upon us, the reserve in which he entrenched himself, seem still to say, "Why these words?" But we may not be denied the saying that not only now, but every day during the last three years, who have seen the quiet determined figure upon our streets have known that "Peace hath its victories as well as war," and that we, in our common ways, were in the presence of gallant living akin to that which brings the world to its high tide of heroism today.

## DON'T EXCHANGE LIBERTY BONDS FOR STOCK

Reports are being received of activity by stock salesmen and promoters, principally representing companies whose securities have doubtful value, in efforts to secure the exchange of Liberty Bonds for the stocks which they have for sale. This practice is specifically disapproved by the Treasury Department, and we are compelled to characterize any continuance of it as an act unfriendly to the Government.

If your readers have such cases come to their notice, I will be glad to have them write me promptly giving the name of the company issuing the stock, the name of the stock which is being offered, its address, the name of the salesmen and the names of the officers of the company if they can be secured. Charles A. Morris, Chairman.

### CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank all those friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in our recent bereavement and who brought such lovely flowers and also thank Mr. Curtis for his words of comfort. Harry R. Powers and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Burgess and family.

## OXFORD COUNTY DRAFT NOTES

### IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE CLASS 1 MEN

In consequence of the Class 1 men in Oxford County having been exhausted, the quota for the July call in this county has been reduced from 147 to 105. The difference is apportioned to the other local boards of the state which have more Class 1 men.

Of the list given last week as having been summoned under this call, it is known that at least two will not be able to appear. Jerry Gallant of Rumford is quarantined with small pox. Oscar M. Holman of Dixfield is in a hospital in Portland with a bullet wound which he received in a hold-up while conducting on a street car on the Portland Railroad Monday night. In two or three other cases appeals are still pending.

In addition to those given last week, the following have been summoned in this quota:

Order No. 2499 Curtis Lougee Chick, Porter. 2545 Harry Douglas McElroy, Fryeburg. 379 Benjamin H. Heald, Center Lovell. 794 Angus Mitchell Wilson, Mexico. 883 Alvin J. Bailey, Lovell. 1564 Otis L. Cobb, North Waterford. 1670 Charles Elbery Drew, Norway. 1758 Emil Belanger, Rumford. 1834 Wallace Loring Brown, East Hill. 2173 Kazimieras Maczliuskas, Mexico. 2351 Charles Jesse Bishop, Rumford. 2542 Fedeo Joseph Florio, Rumford. 2571 Floyd Sanford Holt, Dixfield. 2750 Lonnana A. Thomas, Jr., Roxbury. 2941A Joseph Patvin, East Sumner. 2938 Eshburn O. Jenkins, Upton.

The men summoned will appear here on Wednesday, the 25th, to entrain Friday morning, the 26th, for Camp Davis.

The standardized regulations for physical examination have been received by the local board, and these make necessary some reclassification of the men. Part of this can be done from the record.

The following, who have been previously recorded as disqualified for military service, are now placed in the list of those qualified for limited services: Guy M. Cotton, Norway. Frank H. Stockwell, Rumford. Percy Clifford Robinson, East Sumner.

Henry Joseph Lelbel, Bridgewater, Mass. George P. Hoyt, Rumford Center. Joseph Baatarache, Rumford. Frank Amicone, Rumford. Arcadio Richards, Rumford. Merle B. Hopkins, Canton. Peter Curley, Rumford. Herbert Barnett, Rumford. George S. Hubbard, Dixfield. Arthur Marchand, Mexico. Tom D. Kennagh, Bethel R. P. D. Otis Wilbur Magoun, South Paris. Linwood Wheeler Keene, Buckfield. Percy Edward Kimball, Waterford. Paul Wilson, Rumford. Mayo Fortier, Canton R. P. D. Giuseppe Negral, Rumford. Sumner M. Davis, South Paris. Charles H. Fox, Center Lovell. John Henry Cox, Norway. Horace William Hopkins, Bryant's Pond R. P. D. Ralph Lawrence Dargin, East Brownfield.

Ernest Trepanner, Waterville. Earle T. Thibodeau, Norway. Allison H. Elwood, Buckfield. Guy Bowker Heath, West Paris R. P. D. Muri V. Merrill, Norway. Gerald F. Millett, West Paris. Fred B. Mason, Locke's Mills. Harry Eugene Brooks, Lewiston. Harry Emory Knight, Bryant's Pond. Rupert B. Robbins, West Paris R. P. D.

William Russell Jordan, Oxford. Elmer Adelbert Wing, Bryant's Pond. Isaac Melvin Canwell, South Paris. Lewis Hazleton, Norway. Jesse B. Chapman, North Bethel. James E. Westleigh, Bethel R. P. D. Channing Scribner, Bethel R. P. D. Horace Wilbur Roberts, Buckfield. Clarence F. Ring, Bryant's Pond. Leslie W. Grady, West Paris.

Formerly classed as disqualified, now placed in Group B, as having remediable defects: Robert Chester Easter, Dixfield. Philip Arsenault, Haverhill. Charles K. Ripley, South Paris. Stanley Amberg, Rumford.

A number classed as disqualified have also been ordered in for re-examination. (Continued on Page 5.)

## WANT COLUMN.

Put your Want and Sale notices here, and they will be read in 3,000 Oxford County homes—4 lines, 1 week, 25c. 3 weeks 50c.

## MEN NEEDED

for unloading pulp wood and handling freight. \$3.00 per nine hour day. Opportunity for advancement into permanent jobs in pulp and paper mill with good pay if you make good. Good board at reasonable rates. Apply to S. D. WARREN CO., Cumberland Mills, Me.

## THE U. S. TRENCH SHOE

Come in and see them.

## SUMMER MOCCASINS

and all kinds of summer shoes for the whole family.

The BEST FLY OIL on the market. It will save you money.

## YOUNG'S

Phone 14-4

## BERRY PICKERS WANTED.

About July 25th I shall need a large crew to pick raspberries. I have fifteen acres of cultivated berries and although the bushes were damaged slightly by the severe weather last winter the crop will probably be nearly as large as usual. As a raise of pay seems to be fashionable these times I have decided to pay two and one-half cents per pint for picking this season. This is one-half cent more than was paid last year and is just double the price I paid for many years. All who want to board at the farm house should apply at once as I have thirty already engaged at this date, and forty-five will be about the limit.

HOWARD F. MAXIM, Locke's Mills, Maine.

## FOR SALE

Overland touring car in good running order. Tires in good shape. Come look it over, and try it.

L. R. DAVIS, Newry, Maine.

## PICTURE MOULDING

A new line of picture mouldings at prices that are right. Bring in your pictures. Work guaranteed.

ALANSON TYLER, Spring St., Bethel, Me.

## FOR SALE

Ford auto. Inquire of W. E. BENSICOTER, Bethel, Maine.

## WANTED

A girl or woman to learn to run a linotype, also a boy to learn the printer's trade. Apply at CITIZEN OFFICE, Bethel, Maine.

## NOTICE OF LOST BANK BOOK

Notice is hereby given that the Bethel Savings Bank has been notified that book of deposit issued by said bank to Lawrence E. Philbrook and numbered 51, has been destroyed or lost, and that he desires to have a new book of deposit issued to him. BETHEL SAVINGS BANK, By A. E. Herrick, Treasurer, Bethel, Maine, July 24, 1918.

## FOR SALE

A large range with high shelf and reservoir. Fitted for wood and coal. In good condition. A bargain if taken at once.

WALTER G. BLAKE, Bethel, Maine.

## CLOSING NOTICE

Beginning Saturday, June 22, the Citizen office will be closed on Saturday afternoons until Dec. 1st.

## EASTERN STAR FIELD DAY

The annual Field Day of the Oxford County O. E. S. Association will be held with the Canton and Dixfield Chapters, Tuesday, July 30, at Lake Anasagunticook. Basket picnic. Each one is requested to bring drinking vessel, spoon and sugar. Coffee will be furnished by entertaining Chapters. A cordial invitation is extended to all members of O. E. S. Don't forget the date, Tuesday, July 30th.



# THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY  
BY FRANK E. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$2.00 will be charged.  
Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1906 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.  
THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1918.

## NORWAY

The committee for the farwell dance to be given the dances in the Opera House, Thursday evening have perfected plans for an enjoyable evening. Dancing and balcony will be free to the boys who have been called. A four piece orchestra has been secured to furnish music, consisting of Miss Grace Dean, violin, Roy Edwards, cornet, Harold Anderson, piano, and George Hoper, drums. There will be a late car for South Paris after the dance.

The ladies of the Second Congregational church will hold their summer sale Wednesday afternoon July 31, on the lawn at the home of Mrs. James N. Tabin, Main street. Appons, home-cooked food, ice pillows, and refreshments including ice cream, food tea, etc., will be on sale.

The evening of Thursday, August 15, is the date set for the spectacle, "The Last Necklace," to be presented by the young ladies in Norway for the Red Cross benefit. Miss Marjorie Barker, a member of the cast when it was presented at Colby College, is the director, and will take one of the prominent parts in the cast, which includes thirty people. An orchestra will accompany the singers and furnish the music for the evening. The story is laid in a Spanish vineyard, and among the prominent characters are a band of gypsies. Many pleasing features will be introduced.

Pensacola Lodge, Knights of Pythias, has installed their officers as follows: C. C. Holland R. Hussey; V. C. Forest D. Thurston; P. Donald B. Partridge; M. of W. Charles H. Billings; K. M. and R. Edward J. Shars; M. P. Frank J. Cook; M. E. Arthur W. Lewis; M. A. Charles H. Hunt; I. G. William H. D. Smith; G. O. Rodsey W. Merrill. District Deputy John E. Everett, Frank Taylor acting grand marshal, and Frank Barrows, acting grand master at arms, all from Hamlin Lodge, South Paris, installed. A lunch was served after the work.

The ladies of the Universalist society held their lawn party and sale on the church lawn Friday afternoon and evening. There was a good attendance and the articles found a ready sale.

The evening demonstration at the Grange Hall, Saturday afternoon was attended by a large number of women from the village and the outlying districts. The members of the Girls' Can-

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ing Club with their leader, Miss Minnie Upton, were interested pupils. Miss Lucy E. Jones the emergency home demonstration agent for the district, a member of the extension division from the University of Maine was in charge, and demonstrated the canning of raspberries, peas, and chard, among some other articles.

Mrs. Mabel Carroll has an official document, recently received, signed by C. R. Edwards, Major General, commanding, which recognizes the courage displayed by her son, Sergt. Francis M. Carroll, of Co. D, 103rd Infantry, during a gas attack in France. The paper reads thus: "Headquarters 20th Division American Expeditionary Forces, May 29, 1918. General order. On the morning of May 19, 1918, in the C. R. St. Agunt, during the gas attack by the enemy, Francis M. Carroll performed conspicuous acts of courage and initiative while under heavy fire. The Division commander is pleased to mention this especially." Sergt. Carroll served with Company D, 2d Maine Infantry in Texas during the Mexican trouble, and received his promotion to corporal when the company left in May, 1917, for France to do guard duty. His promotion to sergeant was received while the company was at Auguste previous to leaving for Westfield.

Congratulations are being extended Mr. and Mrs. Harold A. Anderson on the birth of a daughter, who was born Friday morning.

Miss Mary Dickford, an instructor in the Frances E. Willard school in Boston, is spending her summer vacation with her mother, Mrs. Emma Dickford.

Mrs. Herman Richardson and daughter, Phyllis, and Mrs. Charles H. Pike and three children have been spending several days at their old home in Mer-

chandise Falls. Arthur L. Harriman has gone to Portland, where he is employed as motorman on the electric cars. Mr. Harriman and Donald McCormack are carrying on the business at the Rex theatre.

Miss Louise Heavry is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Carl White in Portland. Mrs. Anna Cruse and niece, Miss M. Johnson of Brunswick, Texas, are the guests of Mrs. Cruse's daughter and husband, Dr. and Mrs. Irvin K. Moorhouse. Miss Johnson will remain for the summer, returning to attend school in September, and Mrs. Cruse will make a longer stay.

Rev. John A. Harding, pastor of the Baptist church at Franklin, Mass., is spending his three weeks' vacation with Mrs. Harding at the home of Will-

Young, Crockett Ridge. Mrs. Harding was called here about three weeks ago, owing to the serious illness of Mr. Young.

Mrs. Carl Stone from Indianapolis, Ind., has arrived and will spend the remainder of the summer with relatives in Norway and Lovell. Mr. Stone expects to come for two weeks a little later.

Mrs. Elmer Packard has resumed her work at the Merchant store after a two weeks' vacation spent in Norway and the Shepard cottage at the lake.

E. M. Setton, proprietor of the Setton & Co. cash and carry store, started last Friday morning on a western trip to the Pacific coast in the interest of the Fred Fear Match Company of Bloomington, Pa. During his absence Mrs. Setton and Mrs. John Sampson will have charge of the store.

Mrs. E. P. Foster of Leominster, Mass., is a guest in the family of her brother, E. E. Witt, Norway Lake.

Miss Josephine White and Miss Helen Bugler of South Orange, N. J., are at the Shattuck Farm, Norway Lake, for an extended stay.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Roberts have been at their home, Norway Lake, from August for the past week, looking after the hay. Onell Mills has been assisting with the work.

Miss Marion Cummings and Miss Ethel Marshall of Hebron have been the guests this week of Mrs. Isabelle Cox, No. Norway.

Lloyd Lurton and Miss Irene Morrill from Mass. were visiting relatives at Norway Center last week.

Miss Ruth Noble has finished her course at the Gorham Normal School in Maine and has returned home.

Miss Mildred L. Curtis went to Wells, Thursday morning, where she will be the guest of Miss Marjorie Spiller.

Mrs. Moses Kimball and granddaughter, Little Olive Martin, are visiting Mrs. Sarah Fickett in Bethel, and Mr. W. Kilgore in Norway for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. George M. Whibley are enjoying a two weeks automobile trip during which time they will cover 1200 miles. The first day they went to Woodville, N. H., the second to Farnham, Quebec, the third to Montreal, Canada, the fourth to Lake Placid, N. Y., the fifth to Lake George, and the sixth to Albany, N. Y.; New York City the seventh, and they will come home through Connecticut and Massachusetts.

Mrs. Leona Keen of Dorchester, Mass., is a guest of Mrs. Asaph J. Richardson and family.

Miss Marie Hammond, who has been clerking at the P. B. Stone Drug Store the past few weeks, has been obliged to return to her home in New Gloucester on account of the illness of her brother.

Miss Doris Brooks is the new clerk at the Z. L. Merchant store, and is at her home in Island Pond. Miss Katherine Flint is taking her place.

Miss Frances Moore is visiting her father, Fred Moore, in Gilsum.

Harry L. Morse, who has been sub-master of the Belfast High school the past year, has resigned to become principal of the Richmond High school. Mr. Morse is spending the summer with his family at Georgetown.

Mrs. Jennie Walker and Mrs. W. E. Drew of Colbrook, N. H., were the guests last week of Harry E. Gibson and family.

Miss E. J. Hoyer, Miss J. M. Williams and Miss Miss R. Jewett and maid from New York are guests of Mrs. Ella Jewett Cole for the summer. They arrived by auto, with Miss Jewett at the wheel.

## EAST BETHEL

Miss Bertha Cole was the week and guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Cole.

Miss Ethel Cole has returned home from Gorham Normal School.

Mrs. H. B. Bartlett is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. M. P. Lyon, New York.

Miss Eunice Wilson has returned home to Newville, Mass.

Mrs. Martha Bartlett is the guest of relatives in Bethel and vicinity.

Master Elmer Gave of Cambridge, Mass., is the guest of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Bartlett.

Dr. J. Ferguson and son, Kenneth of Boston are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Hall of New York, Mass., have arrived for their week of vacation with Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Bartlett.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Abbott and daughter of South Paris were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Swan.

Mrs. A. H. Bartlett has returned from Rumford hospital where he has been for treatment.

Miss Elsie Bartlett, in company with an auto party of friends, enjoyed a trip around the mountains, Sunday.

Mrs. Carrie Bartlett, Mrs. Rita Bartlett, Elsie Bartlett, George Swan and Mrs. Emma Wilson in company with another auto party of friends greatly enjoyed an outing at Sango Pond the

## SHERIFF'S SALE

STATE OF MAINE

County of Oxford, ss.

July 23, 1918.

Taken this second day of July, 1918, on execution dated June 18th, 1918, issued on a judgment rendered by the Supreme Judicial Court, for the County of Oxford, at the term thereof begun and held on the second Tuesday of May, 1918, to wit: on the twelfth day of June, 1918, in favor of Ira C. Jordan of Bethel, Maine, against Walter G. Emery, of Bethel, Maine, for four hundred and eighteen dollars and sixteen cents (\$418.16) debt or damage, and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents (\$17.25) costs of suit, and will be sold at public auction, at the office of Heron & Park, in said Bethel, on the sixth day of August, 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, and all the right, title and interest which the said Walter G. Emery has and had in and to the same on the fifteenth day of September, 1917, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the time when the same was attached on the writ in the same suit, to-wit:

One-half part in common and undivided of a certain lot or parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated in said Bethel and in Newry, in said County of Oxford, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the east leading from the John W. Whitcomb farm house, in said Bethel, so called, to the William R. James farm house, so known as formerly occupied by him, at the southeasterly corner of land formerly of Mary E. Locke now owned by one Sargent, on the easterly side of Sunday River, said point being also on the northeasterly line of land of said Philbrook and being also near a gate across said road; thence northeasterly and northerly on line of land of said Philbrook to the town line between Bethel and Newry; thence continuing in a northeasterly course on line of said Philbrook land (said line being also the town line) to line of land of Carlos W. Godwin; thence northeasterly on line of land of said Godwin to the height of land on the top of Mount Will, so called; thence westerly or southwesterly on line of land of both Walker along said height of land and then continuing northerly or northeasterly on said Walker line to line of land of Loren J. Trask; thence southwesterly on line of said Trask land to a corner and continuing southwesterly on said Trask line to the interval line, so called, and then continuing again southwesterly on line of said Trask land to line of land formerly of Mrs. Eva York, at or near Sunday River; thence southeasterly on line of said York land to said town line; thence continuing southeasterly on line of land formerly of Horatio R. Godwin and turning and running northeasterly on said Godwin line near the road to corner of land formerly of said Locke, now owned by said Sargent; and thence continuing southeasterly on line of said Locke land to the point of beginning. Said parcel being the William R. James homestead farm including all adjoining parcels, and being the same premises conveyed by said William R. James to said Walter G. Emery at or by deed dated May 3, 1904, recorded in Oxford County Registry of Deeds, Book 284, Page 189.

CHARLES L. DAVIS,

Deputy Sheriff.

7-21

## NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE

STATE OF MAINE

County of Oxford, ss.

Whereas Hannah G. Hobbs, of Bethel, in the County of Oxford and State of Maine, by her mortgage deed dated March 20th, 1914, and recorded in the Oxford County Registry of Deeds, Book 224, Page 256, conveyed to me, the undersigned, a certain parcel of real estate, situated in Newry, in said County of Oxford, and bounded and described as follows, viz: bounded northerly by land of Loren J. Trask, easterly by Sunday River, so called; southerly by the town line between the towns of Newry and Bethel, westerly by the main road leading up Sunday River across said road; thence southeasterly to Ketchum, intersecting and receiving from said bounded premises the Orrington York house, so called, and the lot on which it stands. Said mortgage covering and including the same premises conveyed to said Hannah G. Hobbs by said Hannah G. Hobbs by deed dated March 20th, 1914, and recorded in said Registry; and whereas the condition of said mortgage has been broken:

Now, therefore, by reason of a breach of the condition thereof I claim a fore-closure of said mortgage.

HON. O. SWAN,

Bethel, Maine, July 24, 1918.

7-21

## THE BEST FARM HELP

Two weeks a week! Subscribe for the Country Gentleman, the leading farm paper in more than half a million homes.

\$1 a year.

Brown, the Curtis Man, Bethel

## THE BANK OF SAFETY and SERVICE

The Evidence of Payment

Many bills have been paid the second time because no receipt was given. Avoid this through payment by check—and you are sure of a receipt—the endorsement is evidence of payment. Your Checking Account, large or small, is cordially invited. 2 Per Cent Paid on Check Accounts of \$500 and over.

## PARIS TRUST COMPANY

SOUTH PARIS, MAINE

BRANCH BANK AT BUCKFIELD, ME.

PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

Perley F. Ripley, President; Alton C. Wheeler, Vice-Pres.; J. Hastings Bean, Secretary; Irving O. Barrows, Treasurer. DIRECTORS—Perley F. Ripley, Alton C. Wheeler, George M. Atwood, N. Dayton Bolster, William J. Wheeler, Dr. D. M. Stewart, Fred R. Wright, Herbert G. Fletcher, Fred R. Zenley, John B. Robinson, Leslie L. Mason, D. Henry Fifield, George W. Cole, Sumner E. Newell, Charles B. Tebbets, Benjamin E. Billings, John A. Titus, Edwin J. Mann.

## INSURANCE

All Kinds of Insurance in the Best of Companies can be had at this office. Established in August, 1885, and being, therefore, one of the oldest agencies in Oxford County, this agency is prepared to give the same careful attention to your insurance needs as has marked its career for over FIFTY YEARS.

Consult us when next you have insurance to place.

STUART W. GOODWIN, Agent

SUCCESSOR TO FREELAND HOWE

146 MAIN STREET. Telephone NORWAY, MAINE

## BUTTER PAPER

MRS. BUTTERMAKER

Do you realize how much it adds to the safe of your butter to have your name printed on the wrapper?

\$3.50 per 1000 Sheets

We Furnish the Paper.

## The Citizen Office

## THE COST OF RAISING BUGS

Cooperative Demonstrations on Bug Elimination

If Maine farmers were told that they had been robbed of several millions in cash during 1917, would they not take precautions to prevent a similar theft in 1918? Yet, according to a conservative estimate this is the loss which Maine farmers suffered by insect enemies of home grown food products last year!

This indemnity was collected by the bugs directly from food that was growing in the gardens, fields, and orchards. And when it is stored, another set of insect pests begin their depredations. No type of vegetable growth or livestock is exempt. Even the little war-gardeners pay their tax to the insect depredators. Silently but constantly food is extracted by the insects who eat all day, and then give place to others who feed by night. Even the unnoticed work of the bugs when totaled up makes a huge amount of loss. The most faithful and constant assistants the farmer has in America are the insects! Not only in Maine did they work last year but in the 48 states their damage to food as computed for 1917 by the Department of Agriculture and Government Entomologists amounted to 10 per cent of the total farm products of the United States. In other words, \$1,400,000,000 worth of food was eaten by insects instead of men. An amount sufficient to turn the balance of the war!

How is this loss accomplished? Suppose, since beans are grown everywhere, we consider this crop as an example. According to the United States Census Reports there were 33,000 acres planted in beans in Maine in 1917. With an average yield of 10 bushels to the acre this meant 330,000 bushels worth on the farm \$2,875,000. Caterpillars, beetles, aphids, and beetles in hordes eat a living off this crop and their damage was in excess of 10 per cent. Now a 10 per cent loss does not show up in the field at all. It is seldom noted as due to insects even at harvest time. But when insects are working the plant juice that would have gone into the formation of a bean pod, unseen loss occurs, and when this loss is distributed over many plants and many acres the total loss is significant. This 10 per cent damage through insect attack is a money loss of more than half a quarter of a million dollars in Maine farmers and 34,000 bushels of beans to the consumers. Plants cannot produce a maximum of beans and bugs at the same time. The more bugs the less beans in the unvarying rule. And beans are only one of the many useful plants affected by insects.

The indications are that Maine cultivators have determined to increase their productive efficiency by reducing the insect borer bills. In this work the State and Federal Bureaus are offering encouragement in the form of cooperative demonstrations of old and new methods of combat. The Maine Agricultural Experiment Station staff is directing work on insect control and plant diseases in cooperation with the College of Agriculture. Already 2 men are in the field to assist the County Agents in combating pests. The returns to the cultivator for spraying will be far more important this year than usual because the farmer must offset lack of labor and fertilizer deficiency by increased spraying, or suffer decreased yields. Every instance of crop protection this year is a guaranty to the American Expeditionary Forces that less food will be destroyed by the Kaiser's allies in America.

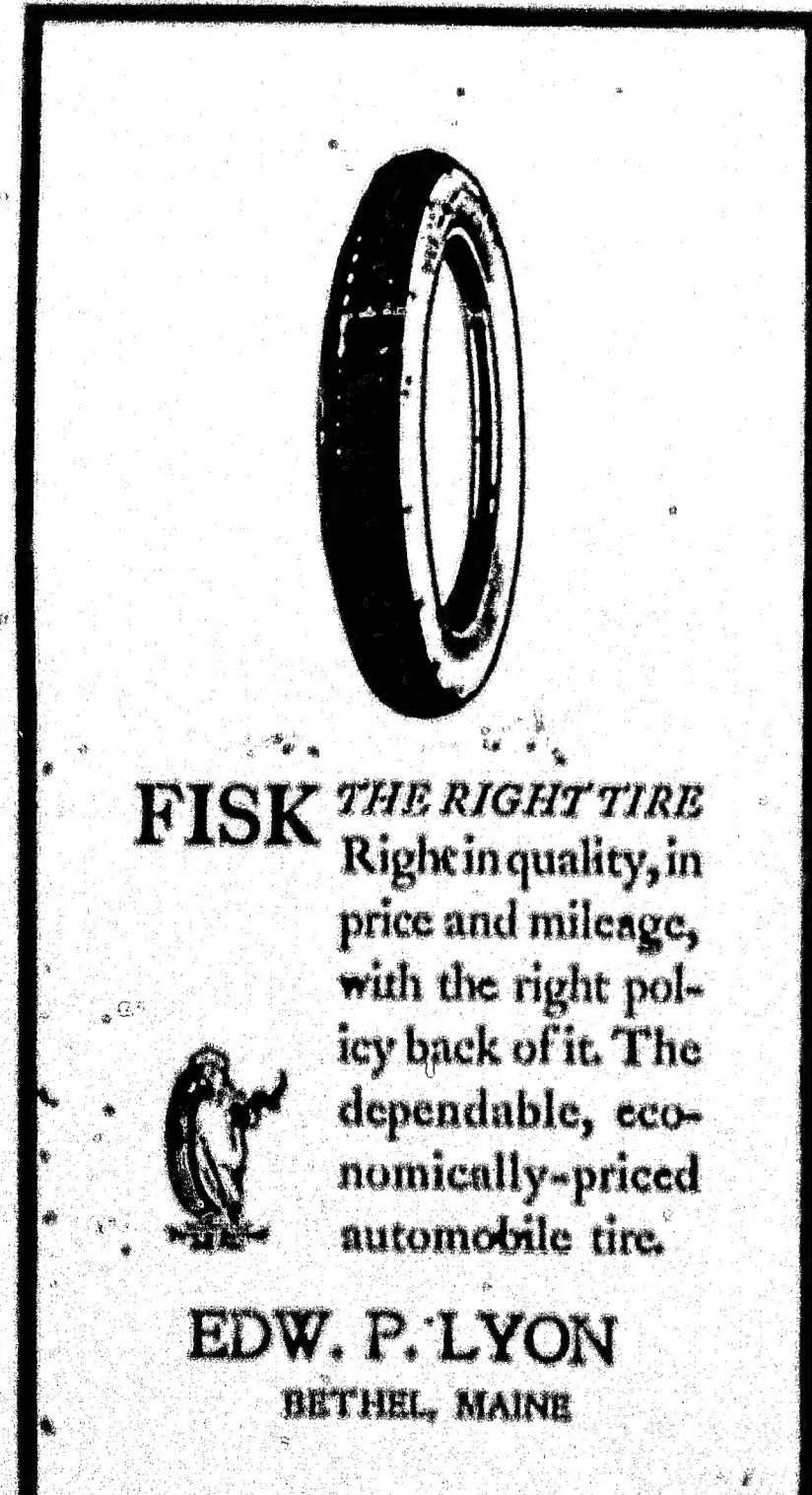
If any grower has any insect or plant disease trouble he is urged to inform his County Agents or the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station at Orono, and all possible help will be afforded. (Wm. B. Wood, Director.

## UNITED STATES REVENUES

The internal revenue collection for the first fiscal year ending June 30 last totaled \$1,673,609,000. The collections for the preceding year were \$1,600,000,000. This year's collections exceed by nearly \$73,609,000 the estimates made by Congress last year.

Four thousand persons were employed in the work and the total cost of the collection was only \$12,500,000. The patriotism roused by the war contributed largely to the success of the work, and the taxpayers assisted and cooperated with the Government.

A determined effort will be made to bring to book tax evaders in every part of the country. The Treasury already has evidence against a large number who have sought to evade taxes, and by checking up contracts and with other data the Government expects finally to discover and punish many tax evaders, as well as recover large amounts of revenue illegally withheld.



**FISK THE RIGHT TIRE**  
Right in quality, in price and mileage, with the right policy back of it. The dependable, economically-priced automobile tire.

**EDW. P. LYON**  
BETHEL, MAINE

## THE HOME C

Pleasant Beverages—Dedicated to Mothers as they Home Circle at Tide.

WAR TIME REC

Prepared by Prof. Frances Home Economics Director States Food Administration Orono, Maine

## Cottage Cheese D

Cottage cheese, while it is known, has been little known. It has often made and unattractively food value cottage cheese with lean meat and eggs, valuable than, either in goes to build muscle, blood.

Cottage cheese in fact is may form an important part served either alone or in In soup, sauce, meat-like or desert, cottage cheese used. As a basis for the meal it will materially peaches, appeal to the appet ment.

Being made from skim now is either fed to live at ed, cottage cheese makes rely for human food a little appreciated dairy pr

## Uncooked Cottage Chee

Plain Cottage Cheese:

Cottage cheese may be as the main dish of a lunche as in place of cold meat. Variations:

Mix broken nut meats, mentos, finely cut green pe cucumbers, or other cris with the cheese. Horse r juice, and parsley make a nation.

Season dry cheese rather into a buttered earthen or chill it, turn it out on a serve it in slices like cold.

Mix with the cheese a n of leftover ham, or corned ground, and season the whol mustard. Serve this in al the mold out on a border leaves.

## Suggested Menu:

Molded cottage cheese; totes, lettuce, sliced tomatoes; crisp corn pone or o fine; tea, coffee, or whey fruit and dessert.

## Cottage Cheese With Cream

Use in place of meat breakfast or supper.

Variations:

Add berries, peaches, or fruits; canned fruits, raisins or other dried fruits; brown ey, jam or marmalade, or el Suggested Menu for a Sum fast:

Cottage cheese with cream (corn flakes if desired); tory bread; coffee. For a h include baked or fried pot cereal.

## Egg Combination

Scrambled Eggs with Cottage Cheese.—For each tablespoon milk, 1/3 teaspoon of pepper, 1 rounding labe tags cheese, pinch of baking to grease pan.

Method.—Mix eggs, season 1 tablespoon milk for each lb eggs as usual in greased

## Tire

LY VEG



## THE HOME CIRCLE

Pleasant Beveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

### WAR TIME RECIPES

Prepared by Prof. Frances R. Freeman, Home Economics Director, United States Food Administration, Orono, Maine

#### Cottage Cheese Dishes

Cottage cheese, while it has long been known, has been little appreciated. Easy to make, it has often been poorly made and unattractively served. In food value cottage cheese is in the class with lean meat and eggs, being more valuable than either in material that goes to build muscle, blood, and bone. Cottage cheese in fact is a food that may form an important part of the diet, served either alone or in combination. In soup, sauce, meat-like dish, salad, or dessert, cottage cheese may be well used. As a basis for the main dish of the meal it will materially reduce expenses, appeal to the appetite, and save meat.

Being made from skim milk, which now is either fed to live stock or wasted, cottage cheese makes available directly for human food a valuable but little appreciated dairy by-product.

#### Uncooked Cottage Cheese Dishes

##### Plain Cottage Cheese:

Cottage cheese may be served plain, as the main dish of a luncheon or supper in place of cold meat.

##### Variations:

Mix broken nut meats, chopped pimentos, finely cut green peppers, sliced cucumbers, or other crisp vegetables with the cheese. Horse radish, onion juice, and parsley make a good combination.

Season dry cheese rather well, pack into a buttered earthen or enamel dish, chill it, turn it out on a platter, and serve it in slices or cold meat loaf.

Mix with the cheese a small quantity of leftover ham or corned beef, finely ground, and season the whole with made mustard. Serve this in slices, or turn the mold out on a border of lettuce leaves.

##### Suggested Menu:

Molded cottage cheese; baked potatoes, lettuce, sliced tomatoes or cucumbers; crisp corn pone or oatmeal muffins; tea, coffee, or whey lemonade; fruit and dessert.

#### Cottage Cheese With Cream and Sugar

Use in place of meat or eggs for breakfast or supper.

##### Variations:

Add berries, peaches, or other fresh fruits; canned fruits, raisins, cut dates, or other dried fruits; brown sugar, honey, jam or marmalade, or chopped nuts.

##### Suggested Menu for a Summer Breakfast:

Cottage cheese with cream and fruit (corn flakes if desired); toasted Victoria bread; coffee. For a heartier meal, include baked or fried potatoes, or a cereal.

#### Egg Combinations

##### Scrambled Eggs with Cottage Cheese:

Proportions:—For each egg, use 1 tablespoon milk, 1/3 teaspoon salt, plenty of pepper, 1 rounding tablespoon cottage cheese, pinch of baking soda, fat to grease pan.

Method:—Mix eggs, seasonings, and 1 tablespoon milk for each egg. Scramble eggs as usual in greased pan till en-

tirely cooked. Neutralize acid in cheese with soda, stir lightly into egg. Serve immediately.

##### Variations:—Parsley and pimentos or

chives, added to egg.

##### Suggested Supper or Luncheon Menu:

Scrambled eggs with cottage cheese; baked potatoes, dandelion or lettuce salad, or sliced tomatoes; barley muffins, tea or coffee, fruit sauce.

#### Creamy Eggs with Cottage Cheese

1 cup milk

1 tablespoon flour

4 eggs

1 cup cottage cheese

1/2 teaspoon salt

1/2 teaspoon fat

1/2 teaspoon pepper

1/2 teaspoon salt

Paprika

Parsley or pimentos

Make a thick sauce with the milk,

flour, butter, and seasonings. Cook five

minutes and pour gradually on the

cheese, which has been neutralized with

the soda dissolved in a little of the

milk. When the cheese and sauce are

well blended, return them to the top

of the double boiler and reheat over

hot water. Beat the eggs slightly, pour

them into the warm sauce, and mix

well. As the mixture sets in a soft

custard on the bottom and sides of the

boiler, scrape it up carefully, forming

large soft curds. The mixture is cooked

when it is of a creamy consistency

throughout. This quantity will serve

eight or more people.

#### Cottage Cheese Dishes

##### Pimento and Cottage Cheese Roast:

2 cups cooked cereal (rice, etc.)

1 cup cottage cheese

1 cup dry bread crumbs

2 pimentos (chopped fine)

1/2 teaspoon salt

1/2 teaspoon pepper

Liquid, if necessary

Blend all together very thoroughly,

making the mixture very stiff. Form

into a roll and bake about 25 minutes,

basting from time to time with savory

fat or meat drippings if necessary.

##### Cottage Cheese Loaf with Beans or

Peas:

1 cup cottage cheese

1/2 teaspoon soda to neutralize acid

2 cups cooked beans

1 cup boiled rice (dry)

1 cup dry bread crumbs (corn or

Victory brand)

2 tablespoons chopped onion, or 1/2

teaspoon onion juice

2 tablespoons savory fat

Chopped celery or celery salt, or pi-

mentos, or Worcestershire sauce,

or mixed poultry seasoning

Peas and small lima beans may be

used whole. Mash larger beans or put

them through the meat chopper. Mix

beans, cheese, bread crumbs and season-

ing together well and form into a roll.

The roll should be mixed very stiff, for

it will become much softer on heating.

Bake it in a moderate oven, basting

occasionally with a well flavored fat.

Serve with tomato or other sauce.

##### Suggested Dinner Menu:

Cottage cheese loaf made with dried

lima beans; fried onions, buttered car-

rots, dandelion greens, spinach, or green

asparagus; onion bread; coffee; apple

or berry Liberty tart (1/2 a one-crust

pie with crust made of 50 per cent corn

meal, and served with cottage cheese on

top.)

##### Cottage Cheese and Nut Loaf:

2 cups cottage cheese

1 cup chopped nuts (use local nuts

if possible)

1 cup cold leftover cereal (any kind)

1 cup dry bread crumbs (corn or Vic-

tory brand)

## CANTON

Mr. and Mrs. Mellen F. Stevens and

daughter, Marie, of Mattapan, Mass.,

have been guests of Mrs. Stevens' cou-

sins, Miss Sarah J. Bailey, and calling

on other friends in town, where they

formerly resided.

Mrs. Eunice Warren Parsons Bartlett,

the oldest resident of Canton, passed

away Thursday night at the advanced

age of 92 years. She was born in Buck-

field, May 14, 1826, a daughter of Col.

Anson Parsons, who was in the war of

1812, and Eunice Warren Parsons. When

she was 18 years of age she became the

wife of Lyndner Bartlett, a prosperous

young farmer of Hartford. The cere-

mony was performed in Buckfield by

Rev. Mr. Foster on October 25, 1844.

Their married life was blessed with four

children, the oldest, William C. Bartlett,

a veteran of the Civil War, passed away

in 1909; Frank Bartlett is a resident of

Bath, a daughter, Gertrude, died in in-

fancy, and Fred C. Bartlett, a progress-

ive farmer of Canton who has tenderly

caared for his mother during her de-

clining years. Her husband passed away

in 1894. Their married life was spent

in Hartford, moving to Canton the year

Mr. Bartlett passed on. She is survived

by seven grandchildren and six great

grandchildren. She had been an hon-

ored member of the Baptist church of

Buckfield for over 70 years, and was

one of Canton's much respected citi-

zens. The funeral was held at the home

Sunday at one o'clock, Rev. Ivan Thorn

of Livermore officiating. The floral trib-

utes were very beautiful.

Mrs. Henry McCollister of Mechanic

Falls has been a guest of Mrs. Margery

Weld and family and Mrs. Mary B.

French and daughter.

Miss Mabel Hines is assisting at

Pinewood Camp.

News has been received that Gilbert

Irish, who enlisted from Turner, has

been wounded in his right hand and is

in a hospital in France.

Ansel Winick and sister, Miss Addie

Winick, of Cambridge, Mass., who

have been guests of Miss Mary N. Rich-

ardson, have returned home.

Frank DiPalma and David E. Cham-

berlain are among the quota from Ox-

ford County to appear at South Paris

for entralment for Camp Devens, July

29th.

Joshua McKay of Hartford was

kicked by a horse Wednesday, fractur-

ing two ribs.

Mrs. Mary R. Lane is a guest of Mrs.

Sadie C. Lane of West Peru.

Ralph H. Dyer of Newport has been

a guest at the home of W. S. Ingersoll.

A. S. Bicknell has been on an auto

trip to Portland, Augusta and Rock-

land with A. H. Robinson of Portland.

Gustavus Hayford of Byron is visit-

ing his daughter, Mrs. Geo. H. John-

son, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Stetson are

guests of his father, Lewis C. Stetson

and wife.

Mrs. A. P. Rose of Hallowville has

been visiting Mrs. Anne T. Rose and

family.

The new school superintendent, P. E.

Fortier, will move his family to the

residence of J. Clyde Bicknell this

month.

Mrs. Eunice Brennan and little

daughter, Fern, of Auburn are guests

of Mrs. Brennan's grandparents, Mr.

and Mrs. A. W. Ellis.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Miller and

daughter and Mr. and Mrs. John Mil-

ler of Beverly, Mass., are stopping at

the cottage of Arthur Tirrell on the

shore of the lake.

Mrs. William York, who has been

very ill, is somewhat better.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Darrington of

Boston are visiting his father, John L.

Darrington.

Miss Ora Woodward has been attend-

ing the summer school at Farmington.

The revival tent meetings held on

the school athletic grounds the past

two weeks have closed and the evange-

lists, Rev. N. H. Washburn and wife

of Beverly, Mass., and Rev. W. E. Smith

of Monroeton, Pa., have gone to Liver-

more Falls, where they will continue to

conduct services. The meetings here

were not largely attended, owing to the

rainy weather.

Mrs. Maurice J. Howes and three sons

of Portland are enjoying an outing at

the home of O. M. Richardson.

George Lavorgna, who is stationed at

Camp Greene, North Carolina, is having

a furlough and is visiting his mother,

Mrs. Mares Lavorgna, and family.

W. A. Hollis of Lisbon Falls and

nephew, Parkie Briggs, of Caribou have

been guests of Edwin K. Hollis and

family.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs.

Chas. W. Walker, Sunday evening.

## NEWRY

The people in town were very shocked

to learn of the death of Mrs. Harry

Powers who died very suddenly at her

home Sunday afternoon, July 13, of

heart disease. She had a young son

born June 14 and it was thought she

was gaining when this heart disease

showed itself in such a violent form

that she could not rally. She had all

that loving care could give her but God

saw fit to take her from her home which

is left desolate.

The husband and three little children

besides a host of mourning friends and

relatives have the sympathy of all who

knew her. She was a faithful wife

who was always at the side of her hus-

band with counsel and sympathy, and a

good mother to her children, patient

and watchful for their comfort, a loving

sister and daughter. No words can tell

the sad feelings of those left behind.

The funeral was held at her home,

Rev. Mr. Curtis of Bethel speaking

words of comfort.

## SUNDAY RIVER

Mrs. Lewis Spilney spent the last

part of the week with her daughter,

in Newry. Mrs. Chapman and two

children accompanied her home to spend



## Be Prepared

The hot weather is sure to come. Don't get caught without comfortable clothing.

### White Dress Skirts

\$1.98, \$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.45, \$4.95

A large and varied assortment to choose from, including gabardine, pique, poplin, many new shape pockets, best quality pearl buttons.

### Middy Blouses

\$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.75, \$2.98, \$3.98

Certainly cool and comfortable. Dozens of styles to select from, khaki, plain white, white with striped collar, cuffs and belt, blue and pink with collar and cuffs and many other combinations.

Children's blouses \$1.00, \$1.75, \$1.98.

### Bathing Suits, Caps and Shoes

Ladies' suits \$1.00, \$1.69, \$1.98, \$2.95, \$3.75, \$4.95.

Bathing caps of many designs, 25c, 50c, 75c.

Water wings only 25c.

### Children's Bloomers

Best quality gingham, 2 to 6 years, plain blue and pink, 39c.

Chambray, fine and soft, blue only, very full pleated, 75c.

Satine black, 6 to 14 years, full pleated, fine quality, \$1.98, khaki 95c.

### Summer Dresses

This department is full of very attractive styles and the prices are attractive. Many of the dresses were purchased early in the season before the great advance in materials.

FANCY PLAIN AND STRIPED GINGHAM in a wide range of styles, \$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.95, \$6.95, \$7.95, \$10.95.

FIGURED VOILES in a variety of styles, light and dark colors, \$2.50, \$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.95, \$7.45, \$9.95, \$10.95.

JAPANESE CREPE DRESSES a beautiful material, fast color, one style, neatly trimmed, \$4.45.

Plain Gingham dresses for girls, 12 to 15 years. Large number of styles, \$2.95, \$3.45, \$3.95.

## Brown, Buck & Co.

NORWAY, MAINE

Miss Hester for photo and the same as last week.

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## BETHEL AND VICINITY.

Mrs. E. B. Hall was in Portland, Monday.

Mrs. G. L. Thurston was in Portland a few days last week.

Miss Helen Bartlett of Andover is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. F. C. Holt and family spent last week at Mrs. Billings' camp, Pongo Pond.

Mr. and Mrs. Jamison Finney of Dixfield were calling on friends in town, Sunday.

Mrs. T. B. Burke has been spending a few days with relatives in Berlin and Milan, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Donahue of Berlin, N. H., were guests of relatives in town, Tuesday.

Mrs. Florilla Richardson went to West Paris last week to visit her daughter, Mrs. Ellingwood.

Mr. Lester Godwin of Medford Mass., son of W. H. Godwin, is the guest of Mrs. Mae Godwin.

Mr. Roberts and Mr. Barker of Haver over were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hastings, Saturday.

Miss Hertha Cole spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Cole, at East Bethel.

Mrs. G. C. Barker and daughter, May, of Haver over were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Hastings, Wednesday.

Mr. Albert Burke and Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Durill motored from Kittery, Saturday night, returning Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Andrews and daughter, Mary Stearns, of Woodstock were guests of relatives in town last week.

Miss Martha Swallow of Sherbrooke, Quebec, was the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Philip Chapman, the first of the week.

Mr. Gilbert W. Tull of Fairbairn, Mass., was called to Bethel last week by the death of his uncle, Mr. Gilbert Tull.

Mr. William Hastings, and Miss Mary Foye and Miss Mary Foye came from Christmas town, Friday, to spend a few days.

Mrs. J. C. Billings, Mrs. Olive Russell, Mrs. Clara Brown, Mr. George Patten, and Mr. D. C. Conroy motored to Portland, Sunday.

Mrs. Helen Brown and mother, Mrs. Helen Taylor, and Miss Marie Plaxied with Mr. Frank Flint as chauffeur motored to Portland, Saturday.

Mr. William Tull and daughter, Emma, of West Haver over, Mr. George Patten, and Mrs. Clara Brown were in town Saturday to attend the funeral of Mr. Gilbert Tull.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Wiley, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Hastings, left for New York, Sunday, and a few weeks with Mr. Wiley's father, Mr. Arthur Wiley, and family.

Mr. H. B. Booth of New York, N. Y., was calling on friends in town, Sunday. He was formerly worked in the printing office, and this is the first time he has been in town since he left.

Friends are pleased to learn that on Monday night, after a long illness, Mr. W. W. L. of New York, who was in town last Thursday and Sunday, has returned to his home in New York.

Miss Hester for photo and the same as last week.

Miss Hester for photo and the same as last week.

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Miss Hester for photo and the same as last week.

Mrs. A. E. Herrick was in Portland, Thursday.

Mr. J. L. Carver was a business visitor in Brunswick, Thursday.

Mrs. Lucinda Edwards of Boston is spending a few weeks in town.

Miss Hazel Arno, who has been teaching at Montville, has returned home.

Mr. Fred Clark spent a few days last week with relatives in Berlin and Milan, N. H.

Mrs. B. E. Dunham of Auburn is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Chandler.

Mr. J. S. Hutchins of the South Portland ship yard was the guest of his family, Wednesday.

Misses Beatrice and Florence Hazard of Berlin are guests of their aunt, Mrs. Lucie Thurston.

Miss Nellie Goodnow was home from Boston last week to visit her mother, Mrs. Sidney Jodrey.

Mr. John Bennett moved his family into Mrs. Swan's rent at the foot of Main Hill last week.

Miss Doris Ripley of Andover is spending a week as the guest of Mr. A. C. Frost and family.

Misses Geneva and Ola Hutchins of New York are guests of their sister, Mrs. Frank Bartlett.

Mr. A. C. Robinson's name was omitted from the list of donors of the Memorial, Springfield flag last week.

Mrs. Carrie Arno, who has been spending several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Chester Cushman, at Montville, has returned home.

Mr. Eugene Marten, who met with a serious accident at Mr. Springer's mill last Thursday morning, is as comfortable as can be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Richardson and two children motored from Lewiston, Maine, Sunday and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hastings.

### IN MEMORIAM

Mr. John Dustin Bean passed to the Higher Life at his home in East Bethel, Sunday morning, July 14, 1918, at the age of 70 years, 5 months. Funeral services were held at the church Tuesday at two o'clock in the afternoon, attended by Rev. J. H. Little, officiating clergyman of Bethel Universalist church. Interment was in the East Bethel cemetery.

Mr. Bean was born in Bethel, Feb. 16, 1842, the son of Kimball and Maria Russell Bean. At the age of 17 years he went to Boston, where he married Miss Louisa McKenzie and was a life-long resident there. He leaves one son and one daughter, who resides in Somerville, Mass. Having a love and desire for the hills and valleys of his childhood home he came to Bethel in April, 1917, where he greatly enjoyed one season of farm life. Mr. Bean was loved and honored by all who knew him. His was the rare courtesy that never failed and his genial, friendly greetings will be greatly missed. He was a great sufferer for many weeks, and was faithfully and tenderly cared for by Miss Emmie Willes.

Beautiful floral tributes came from Mr. Walter Holden, Mr. Stockwell, Mr. J. H. Jones, W. Gleason & Co., L. V. Niles & Co., and Wm. S. Smiley, all of Boston, with the following tribute to his memory, "Mr. Bean was widely known in his home here as a pure, unadulterated American Yankee citizen of the old school highly honored and respected by a host of Boston friends who extend heartfelt sympathy to his relatives and friends in East Bethel."

There was a society, a lively young crew That had so many brains it didn't know what to do. So it coughed them all up to relieve the congestion And what it produced will be open to question. Wednesday, July 31 at Universalist Chapel.

Mr. N. B. Springer and family are visiting friends in Winthrop.

Miss Ervine Habedan of Milan, N. H., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alanson Tyler.

Mr. George Holt and Mr. Samuel Ray and family of Waterford were Sunday guests of Mr. L. W. Ramsell and family.

There were a number of women and what do you know They wished to do nothing but sit and sew. They sat at their task from morn 'till night, Sewing long seams, with all their might, Now these women what do you think Made aprons galore, from blue, green and pink, And whether you're lean, fat, gay or quiet, Here is just the apron to suit your diet. At the Universalist Chapel, Wednesday, July 21st.

ALLOTMENTS TO SOLDIERS' DEPENDENTS

Allotment to dependents of United States soldiers have been increased from \$10,000 at the beginning of the war to \$20,000. For the month of May these allotments total \$5,000,000. Thirty thousand commissioned officers are allotted \$1,000,000 a month to their families; noncommissioned officers and privates, \$4,000,000.

In addition to nearly \$50,000,000 of Liberty loan bonds of the second Liberty loan will have been paid for by members of the Army and will be turned over to the purchasers during August, the payments having been made out of allotments made for the purpose.

The next meeting of the Winthrop Corps will be held on the 1st of August.

Mr. D. P. Knowlton of Lowell is here again with his men, and is located on the extreme Congress street on the ground last year by the Chautauque managers. On Monday evening he gave all proceeds for the Red Cross.

Mrs. A. M. Stahl of Berlin has been a recent guest of Mr. Melchior of Franklin street.

Joseph Marceau and family have gone to Sherbrooke, for a visit.

Mrs. Arthur Hinds of Lark is a guest of Mr. Hinds of Livermore Falls.

A recent marriage is that of Littlefield and Miss Eva P.

Mr. Philip Isaacson, who served at Jacksonville, North or so ago, has been from sergeant to drill master.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Somerset street are spending time at the Bartlett farm at Lark.

Mr. Harry J. Ladd, assistant, has gone to Portland to attend at one of the hospitals.

Miss Marguerite Filiant is at the position as ticket collector at the station. For some time Filiant has been employed at telephone office.

J. McKellogg of Strath is visiting relatives in Mo.

A party comprising Mrs. and daughter, Miss E. and Misses Martha and Al.

Martha Swain, Ruth Ostr.

Marjorie, Martha McT.

Wish, and Ruth Hamilton.

Two weeks at Ocean Park.

Mr. Carl E. Davis has been milk inspector for the town.

A party of young ladies including the Misses Rose Belanger, Rose Merle.

Amelia Marceau, chaperone.

H. Marceau, are enjoying vacation at Lake W.

Marjorie Johnston has been the machine shop of.

Mr. Mary Porter is at the Bangley Lake for a day and has as guests Miss A. A. Farnham of Rumford.

Thursday of this week other company of boys from Mexico and nearly two.

for the call of their country.

Given the usual demonstration at the Municipal building.

clock exercises will be taken at ten o'clock the taken to South Paris in a.

on the following day will be a.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.

the branch of the 1st.



## The Perfect Shingles

The word "perfect" is a much-abused term, but it is the one word that describes Neponset Twin Shingles. They are the perfect shingles. They embody everything you want and need in a shingle—good looks, lasting wear, fire-resistance and economy.

If you come in today and let us show you these beautiful

## NEPONSET TWIN SHINGLES

you'll agree that they are the perfect shingles. Neponset Twin Shingles are made of felt, asphalt and crushed rock pressed into one inseparable mass and surfaced with red or green crushed slate—they look like slate but cost less.

Whether you plan to build or repair now or later come in and see "The Roofing Development of the Twentieth Century."

### YOU WILL NEED

## ROOFING

soon and now, AT ONCE, is the time to buy before freight rates advance.

We buy in car lots and prices we will guarantee to be lower than can be bought for elsewhere on this account.

Samples will be mailed upon application.

NEPONSET PAROID ROOFING  
NEPONSET UNIVERSAL, 1, 2, and 3 Ply  
NEPONSET RED AND GREEN SLATED ROOFING  
NEPONSET TWIN SHINGLES  
NEPONSET SHEATHING PAPER  
NEPONSET WALL BOARD, Plain and Quartered Oak

CHAS. G. BLAKE  
NORWAY, MAINE

## Everything For Haying

Scythes  
Sneths  
Rakes  
Drag Rakes  
Forks  
Whetstones  
Oil and Greases

### ALSO

STRAW HATS, WORK  
SHIRTS, TROUSERS  
AND SHOES

Carver's  
10 BROAD STREET

W.S.S. AUTHORIZED AGENT of the United States TREASURY DEPT.

W.S.S. AUTHORIZED AGENT of the United States TREASURY DEPT.

You can find them as well as Fresh Groceries

FRED E. WHEELER

### RUMFORD

Helen and Kathleen Whyemore Falls are visiting Mrs. James Shanahan, of street.

Mr. G. P. Brooks is to res at the store of Gony.

Miss Florence Sessions of 6-4 is working in the Bu.

Mr. and Mrs. Carleton Lincoln avenue are receiving.

There seems to be consid satisfaction over the new w.

At the International mill 70 per cent hour raise we.

get, the bonus was elimin men feel that they should

receive the bonus, and Mr. C.

dent of the Paper Maker's

now conferring with the of company and the War Boar.

to adjust the matter satisf employees.

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Somerset street are spendi

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at Lark.







## POEMS WORTH READING

## THE ROAD TO FRANCE

By Daniel M. Henderson

Thank God our liberating hero  
Goes sailing on the way to France!  
To France—the trail of the Gorkhas  
found!

To France—the old England's rallying  
ground!

To France—the path the Romans  
trod!

To France—the ancient glory road!  
To France—where our last legion ran  
To fight and die for God and man!

To France—with every race and creed  
That takes oppression's brutal creed!

Alas!—how could our hearts for  
get

The path by which came Lafayette  
How could the tale of docket hang low  
From the road of Hockenshaw?

How can it that we missed the way  
Henceforth leads on along today?

At last, thank God! At last we see  
There is no trial liberty!

No beacon lighting just our shores!  
No freedom guarding but our dear  
Dance now in Europe's battle fires!

The soul that led our fathers west  
Takes back to face the world's oppress-  
ed!

After, you have not called in vain!  
We share your conflict and your pain!

"Oh! glory," through new stains and  
scars,

Parades of Freedom's sacramental  
Jaws that tell his will creates

We drive the foe, his lust, his hate!  
Last come, we will be last to stay!

Till right has had her crowning day!  
Henceforth, comrades, from our veins,  
The blood the sword of despot drains,  
And make our eager sacrifice  
Part of the freely rendered price  
You pay to make our brothers free!

For, with what proud hearts we ad-  
vance—

To France!

(This poem won the prize of \$250 of-  
ficed by the National Arts Club of  
New York for the best patriotic poem)

## TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Here's to the stars and stripes  
Let it shine on our minds and tow-  
ers—

And here's to the great Republic  
That has welled her strength with  
sweat!

Her flag's in the streets of London,  
Her fleet's on the Northern Sea,  
And her sons stand firm in the trench  
To fight till the world is free.

From the lakes to the Mexican border,  
From Maine to the Golden Gate,  
There is drumming and marching and  
drumming

Through every giant state.  
It begins, at the call of the bugle,  
With the sun on the earth's wide rim,  
And the heart of the great Republic  
Is beating a battle hymn.

The bravest are filled with her eagles,  
Which circle and soar and swing—  
Through the windy sky, they go wheel-  
ing by

With her star as each winged  
wing.

And in all her ports and rivers,  
In landing yards and slips,  
Night and day the banners play  
On the ribs of her mighty ships.

She is forging mighty armies,  
To fight in a war for peace,  
They shall leave her shores in a throng  
and ships.

To strike till the sword shall cease,  
Till the tyrant's power is broken,  
By hand and by sea,  
The last World Conqueror slain,  
And the world at length is free.

—XX—

## WE HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN, SOLDIER BOY

By William H. Butler

I've greeted you at morning when the  
day is at its dawning.

I've helped you near me all the while  
the day through.

And I've greeted you at night when the  
stars start twinkling bright.

I am always, always, always greeting  
you.

I've served you in the morning when  
the day is at its dawning.

When the sun rises the dawn  
is on its way.

I've served you through the darkness  
when the stars above are shining.

I am always, always, always greeting  
you.

I've served you in the morning when  
the day is at its dawning.

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is on its way.

## Children Like

## To Take It

Thousands of children have worms  
and their parents don't know what the  
trouble is.

Symptoms of worms after: Deranged  
stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stom-  
ach, offensive breath, hard and full  
belly with occasional gripings and pains  
in the navel, pale face of leaden  
tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching  
eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of  
the throat, short dry cough, grinding  
of the teeth, little red points sticking  
out on tongue, starting during sleep,  
etc.

Always keep Dr. Tru's Elixir on  
hand for such cases. It is promptly ef-  
fective and the nice thing about it is  
that children like to take it.

Mrs. H. W. Roberts of 502 Aylmer  
Street, Flint, Michigan, wrote to us:

"Have used the Elixir and as far as  
I know my little girl is cured of  
worms." This note is again later say-  
ing, "The Elixir is the best I think it is  
yet, medicine that helped her."

Dr. Tru's Elixir, the Family Laxa-  
tive and Worm Expeller, has been on  
the market more than 60 years and  
more and more people are using it all  
the time to expel worms, or to tone up  
the stomach and restore natural action  
of the bowels. Chil-

drun like to take  
it. Write us.

I want you soon returning when the  
light of peace is burning.  
I'm always, always, always waiting  
you.

—XX—

## THE SOLDIER'S MOTHER

Lalla Gerahy in Pall Mall Gazette—  
tribute to the mothers of England,  
which applies equally to the moth-  
ers of America.

She stands alone, wrapt in the mantle  
of her pride;  
Her soul, a living flame of white-hot  
love;

Her heart, a place of desolation, where  
the great life  
Of longing, hideous with fear, forever  
moves

In waves of anguish through the long,  
dark nights.

Only within the mirror of her eyes  
we see

The silent agony of one who fights  
Against the dreadful thought of what  
may be.

For courage rises in her, free and  
strong,  
That Spartan spirit garnered from  
the past;

And thankfulness for bearing such a  
son

To crown her Motherhood with joy  
so vast.

Thus she bears her woman's part,  
Praying her God with all her might  
For gifts so precious as that brave young  
heart

Who counts his life as naught beside  
the cause of right,  
Where craven fear has no abiding place  
And chivalry and knightly deeds  
abound.

From mothers such as this our noble  
race  
Springs forth in splendid manhood,  
ready

Which the glory of old England sheds  
her grace.

## THE SAILOR-MAN

By M. A. de Wolf Howe

I like the look of khaki and cut of Ar-  
my wear,

And the men of mettle sporting it at  
home and over there;

But there's something at the heart  
strings that tenses when I meet  
A blue-eyed sailor man whose car  
rings from the fleet.

From slapping tops his sea legs win  
some things of old romance

That's proper to the keeper of the paths  
that lead to France;

For what were all the soldiers worth  
that ever landed a gun

Without the ships and sailor men to pil-  
lory 'gainst the Hun?

There's sunlight new and steady ground  
beneath the sailor's tread

And every pleasure beckons him, and  
every care is spent—

Speed with this visitor, whose home  
twixt bearing decks is set,  
Where playmates are the darkness, and  
the bitter cold and wet!

His comrades these; his face is ours,  
the face of law and right.

The stealthy, murderous German  
"Pill" that prowls and kills by  
night!

And some may think him where he swims,  
floating 'neath the sea

Some call him guardian of us all, the  
sailing sailor man.

We heads are often cruel told, his  
heart is often warm.

For so he depicts he knows 'tis he that  
sheds the world from harm.

Because I know it too, my heart beats  
warmer when I meet  
A blue-eyed sailor man whose car  
rings from the fleet.

—XX—

## SOUTH PARIS

Howard Shaw will hold a jazz dance  
at Paris Grange Hall, Thursday eve-  
ning, July 25. Excellent music will be  
furnished and several special features  
during the evening. The drafted men  
who are to leave for Camp Devens will  
be the guests of the evening.

The rook and bridge party held at  
Mrs. L. H. Bean's for the benefit of  
the Red Cross was well attended and  
\$47.00 was donated.

There was a large crowd on the fair  
grounds Saturday evening. The Roy  
Hunts and girls in costume furnished a  
very pleasing parade. Many games were  
enjoyed under the direction of the Jun-  
ior Chautauqua play leader.

The canning demonstration at Paris  
Grange Hall, Friday afternoon, given  
by Miss Lucy Jones, the emergency  
home demonstration agent for the dis-  
trict, was attended by about 50. Green-  
peas and berries were canned, after  
which a short talk was given on war  
bread, which was very helpful.

A. G. Wales of Portland was in town  
on business, Friday.

Miss Eva Walker recently entertained  
a party of her lady friends at her home  
in honor of Mrs. Roy C. Cole of Canton,  
Mass., and Mrs. Merile Sprague of  
Philadelphia. A picnic supper was en-  
joyed in the grove beside Miss Walker's  
home. There were 12 guests present.

Mrs. Florence McCracken of Port-  
land came Saturday to spend Chautau-  
qua week with Mrs. Joseph Currier.

Miss Agnes Gray of West Paris is  
visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs.  
William L. Gray, for a few days.

The young ladies who are assisting  
the exception board at the Court House  
are Mrs. Lydia Fletcher, Miss Helen  
Barnes, Miss Muriel Bowker, Miss Ed-  
ith Maxwell, Mrs. Ada Barrows and  
Miss Carolyn Gray.

Mrs. Thomas Barnes has been enter-  
taining her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John  
Bligh, of Lewiston a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. James Wright are vis-  
iting Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hoyt of  
Massachusetts, going as far as Portland  
by auto with their son, Fred Wright,  
and wife.

Miss Mabel Haskell, who teaches in  
Massachusetts, is now spending her vaca-  
tion with her father, Theron Hath-  
away.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Gray, Miss  
Carolyn Gray and Miss Helen Barnes  
made an automobile trip to Portland,  
Saturday, Mr. Gray going to attend  
the Fern Club of which he is a member,  
at Peak's Island.

Mrs. E. E. Anderson and friends mo-  
tored to Portland, Saturday.

The Deering Memorial church are  
about to add 30 new volumes to their  
Sunday school library.

Lester Bryant of Bryant's Pond is  
visiting at the home of his grandpar-  
ents, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Swan.

Fredrick Whitman is improved from  
his shock and able to work on the milk  
delivery wagon for A. N. Cairns.

Mrs. H. D. Fletcher and grandchild-  
ren, India, have returned from a visit  
to Mrs. Fletcher's daughter, Mrs. Lulu  
Lane, of Lynn.

Arthur T. Royal of Worcester, Mass.,  
recently visited relatives in town.

Miss Annie B. Crocker is at home  
with her mother, Mrs. George H. Dyer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hays have been  
visiting in Bangor during the past  
week.

Miss Lillian Townsend, a former  
teacher in the high school, is the guest  
of Miss Rena Trilow.

Charles G. Merton and family, Mr.  
and Mrs. M. C. Joy and Miss Francis  
Mason are spending a few days at Camp  
Canaan.

The volunteer home brigade has so  
far furnished to the farmers of the vic-  
inity 154 days' work in hocking. This  
work has been carried on as a patriotic  
public safety measure, Harold T. Briggs  
being in charge of the details. Much of  
the labor has been done on Sundays by  
men who were otherwise employed  
through the week. They were carried  
by automobiles to farms at a distance  
from the village.

Mrs. Elsie R. Heald, Mrs. Lester Rob-  
ertson, and L. B. Heald of East Sun-  
ser are guests at Albert D. Park's dur-  
ing the Chautauque.

Mrs. Violet Hodge and her sister,  
Miss Fanny Hodge, of Lynn, Mass.,  
were guests for a few days last week at  
A. F. Goldsmith's.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Seale and  
daughter of South Windham were with  
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. R.  
Merton, over the week end.

N. C. McKern, who has been in Har-  
vill, Mass., with his son for some  
weeks, returned to South Paris, Sunday,  
with his car.

Mrs. A. M. Milet began work Mon-  
day morning in the equipping plant of  
the Cumberland Ship Building Co., at  
Portland, having a job in the black  
smith department.

C. Ernest Thawley has enlisted in  
what was formerly the Milliken Regi-  
ment, of the First Maine Heavy Field  
Artillery, now known as a regiment of  
Frontier Infantry. He went Monday  
morning to Lewiston, to go from there  
to Springfield, N. C., where what is  
left of the original regiment is now  
stationed.

James A. Koon, formerly of South  
Paris, is visiting relatives here for a  
few days.

—XX—

## FOOD QUESTIONS ANSWERED

By United States Food Administration

Maine Division

## EGGS

141. What has been the effect of us-  
ing eggs widely in place of  
meat?

It has put great pressure on stocks  
of storage and fresh eggs.

142. How has this pressure been met?  
By cold storage regulation, and  
by prohibiting for a time the  
sale or slaughter of hens.

143. How else has this pressure been  
met?

Bakers, confectioners, and stew-  
ards have used dried and frozen  
eggs.

144. What kind of eggs are dried and  
frozen?

Fresh eggs with shells damaged  
in transit.

145. How are these eggs handled?  
They are broken into clean dis-  
hes, all spoiled stock is discarded,  
and the good bulk eggs are frozen  
or dried for commercial use.

146. Are these eggs good?  
They are high quality, wholesome  
food, handled under absolutely  
sanitary conditions, with rigid in-  
spection.

147. What is the temperature at which  
eggs should be stored?  
From 29 degrees Fahrenheit to 31 de-  
grees.

## EMBARGO

148. What is an embargo?  
An authoritative stopping of any  
special trade.

149. What is the value of an embargo?  
It keeps a check on all supplies  
coming in or going out of the  
country.

150. What object can we obtain by it?  
We can keep neutral countries  
from delivering to Germany food  
ostensibly wanted by the neutral  
country itself.

151. What significant example is there  
of this?  
Fats. Fats sufficient to supply  
the fat requirement of 7,700,000  
soldiers entered Germany in 1916.  
A large per centage of these fats  
came from this country. The  
embargo stops such leaks as that.

## EXEMPTION

152. What classes of civilians are ex-  
empted from following conserva-  
tion rules?  
Invalids and old people.

153. Are not children exempt?  
Not unless they are ill or on a  
diet. But it should be remem-  
bered that growing children need  
more of certain foods, such as  
whole milk, than adults. Don't  
stint the children.

## FATS

154. Do Americans eat too much fat?  
As a nation we have the reputa-  
tion of being the greatest fat eat-  
ers and wasters in the world.

155. Why is it necessary to save fat?  
Because fats have high value as  
energy-producing food of a sort  
specially needed by soldiers; and  
because they are needed in the  
manufacture of high explosives,  
and for lubricants.

156. Why are fats so important to  
Germany?  
They are the essential food that  
Germany most lacks. Eating fat  
in Germany not under government  
control costs from \$3 a pound up.  
Is it better to make soap at home  
or sell waste fat to the soap mak-  
er?

If possible sell to the soap mak-  
er. He can get glycerine as a by-  
product, and he will not waste  
fat.

157. What are the animal fats?  
Cream, butter, lard, and fats of  
all animals.

158. What are the vegetable fats?  
Olive oil, cottonseed oil, corn oil,  
and oil from nuts.

159. Why may vegetable fats be used  
more freely than animal fats?  
Because the animal fats are need-  
ed for the Allies, and we have  
larger stocks of vegetable fats.

160. Is there any difference in the val-  
ue of animal and vegetable fats  
in cooking?  
No; vegetable fats are just as  
good as animal fats.

161. Is there any essential difference  
between fats and oils?  
No, fats are solid at room tem-  
perature and oils are liquid.

162. Is our land supply decreased?  
Yes; the total production of land  
in 1916-17 was \$2,500,000



## NEW COMPOSITION

By ALICE KILLIAN.

"I see that Mr. Birdsong's new piece is being featured in the music stores," observed Mrs. Birdsong's caller. "I envy you the privilege of enjoying his compositions so long before they reach the clamoring public."

"Oh, my dear," exclaimed the wife of Mr. Birdsong, "please don't speak of those dreary days preceding the appearance of a new one—or I'll burst!"

"Surely, there's nothing unpleasant about it," the caller apologized. "I often picture you sitting beneath the piano lamp playing the new airs tenderly, while Mr. Birdsong leans back in the shadowy big chair listening to your interpretation of the harmonies that originated in his own soul."

"That sounds awfully nice and poetic and it would look good in a picture frame," said Mrs. Birdsong, "so I hate to disillusion you. But you might as well know that those harmonies you speak of are born into the world through painful aesthetic travail."

"I'm surprised! His compositions sound so exquisitely effortless. I supposed he dashed them off on a Pullman or anywhere—just like that!"

"My goodness!" gasped Mrs. Birdsong. "You force me to tell the horrid details. First, Mr. Birdsong comes home from a trip, drops his grip, kisses me briskly, matches off his coat and rushes to the piano. 'Listen,' he says, 'how do you like this? I just made it up last night!'"

"I have over it at first because I like the melody and at the end of the seventh day I rave because he won't stop playing it."

"He pounds it out the instant he jumps from the bed in the morning and the last thing at night—about 1 a. m.—he is playing it with the soft pedal. He disregards meals. His soup cools before he gets to it and he never waits for dessert."

"Sometimes he forgets and takes his napkin along to the piano when he thinks of a new strain to insert. And he draws me along, too, whether I've finished eating or not. You see, he plays by ear strictly, while I studied music. So he depends upon me to write the notes on the manuscript paper for him."

"I'll think it's all done and ready to send to the publisher, when he yells frantically: 'Two minors should follow each other. Change it here. Now I'll play it. How do you like that?'"

"Then he asks me to play it so that he can get the effect. I do. Then he bursts out: 'You can play the right hand that way, exactly as I want it, but not the left. Can't you fake a bass? I want that F sharp played with A. Is that the way you have written it? Get away a minute! I'll get the doggone thing! See, now, isn't that pretty harmony?'"

"About that time he strikes a fresh chord unexpectedly. 'What's this?' he cries. 'Here, what's this? Play it the treble while I hold this chord, and play the treble with your left hand, so you can write down the chord with your right hand!'"

"When I have done that obediently he announces: 'Now, we've got to change that top note. Should it be G or A? After we change it he hums: 'Ta-ta-ta-ta-ta-ta,' and decides it will be too high for the ordinary voice and tells me to transpose it so the top note will be B."

"I procure a clean sheet of manuscript paper, and do it all over again. Then he has a brand new inspiration. He thrusts his pencil behind his ear and plays the new idea frantically. 'That's the stuff!' he beams. 'Do you get that? Doggone it! I knew it! See it? Doggone it! I knew it! I could pick that up. That's the right change, isn't it? Wait a minute. Let's see how it do!'"

"I wait and listen. Then he says: 'How is the bass to this thing? Maybe that bottom note ought to be changed.' I tell him it is correct according to the rules of harmony."

"I don't care about the rules," he faxes. "My ear tells me how it ought to go. Dad gum it! I take liberties with the piano that nobody else does."

"About that time I slip over to the table and take up the book I had been reading on quiet night while Mr. Birdsong was away. Before I've found the place where I left off he calls me back to the piano and asks sweetly: 'What are these notes here, my dear? I suppose I ought to learn how to read music!'"

"Can't he read music?" The caller was amazed.

"He doesn't know and note from the other. When the green and white proof sheet comes back from the publisher I have to go over it with him at least a hundred times to make sure it's just the way he wants it."

"Well, I think your name should appear on the finished copy—you do most of the work."

"I'd say woman on earth, ever get full credit for the amount of work she does for her husband? Well, the wife of a musician is no exception."

"Turned Around."

"The judge stime fourteen years." "I think I can get that sentence reversed." "Where would be the sense in that? Reverse fourteen and you're out forty-one."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Attraction for Her.

Ether was allowed to sit at the table with the others at a five o'clock tea. "Next to whom would you like best to sit?" asked the hostess. "Next to the cake, please," answered Esther.

## PUBLIC ROADS

GOOD HIGHWAYS SAVED PARIS

Example of French Capital Cited to Press Home Plan of Improved Roads in This Country.

The congestion of traffic which has so seriously handicapped war preparations and industrial and commercial activity during the last few months has emphasized to all the vital importance of good roads. The shortage of freight cars has caused the government to recommend the use of motor trucks for handling freight on short hauls, in order to save freight-car equipment for long hauls. Freight cannot be successfully handled by motor trucks without good roads.

There is also a growing tendency on the part of manufacturers and wholesalers to have their salesmen travel by automobile instead of by railroad trains, writes C. S. Rieman, president of a large motorcar concern, in Chicago Post. This also further helps to solve the traffic problem. But the extensive use of trucks for cross-country hauling and of passenger automobiles by salesmen and others, instead of traveling by train, will depend to a large extent upon road conditions.

It also occurs to me that since our transportation facilities have been so seriously overtaxed by extra traffic resulting from our war preparations to date, the enormous increase in war activities for which preparations are now being made will result in further serious delays, unless a large portion of the traffic can be handled by motor trucks. In order to appreciate the importance of good roads from a military standpoint, we have only to recall the fact that in all probability Paris would have been captured by the German army in their first great drive had it not been that the excellent French roads permitted the quick concentrating of French troops by means of motor trucks, passenger automobiles and taxicabs, which played so important a part in helping out the French railroad system.

The prosperity of any country and the advance of civilization are always measured by the transportation facilities.



Convoys of Rapid-Fire Cannon on Way to Front in France.

As a manufacturer of motorcars, the good roads problem has been brought very forcibly to my attention, and I have given the subject much thought and study. It is my firm conviction that the continued prosperity of this country and the quick and efficient handling of war preparations cannot be better promoted than by keeping our streets and highways in first-class condition. I believe whatever expenditures are necessary to this end should be made.

## NOW CALL ROADS MILITARY

Bill Before Senate Says Government Should Assist in Keeping Highways in Repair.

A bill before the senate says all state roads used by the government should be treated as military highways and the government should assist in keeping them in repair. The bill was introduced by Senator J. T. Smith, who has investigated the deterioration of the Maryland highway system. The bill states the government is not to contribute more than two-thirds of the money for repairs nor more than \$1,000 per mile. It has gone to the senate committee on appropriations.

Daily Water Supply.

Experiments prove that the amount of water consumed daily by a cow is in direct proportion to the amount of milk she produces.

Site for Strawberry Bed.

A rich garden soil which has been manured makes an ideal site for a strawberry bed.

Wonder or Blunder?

In that new road this year going to be a wonder-way or a blunder-way?

## Horticultural Points

## CURCULIO JARRED FROM TREE

Wheelbarrow Umbrella Catcher Is Usually Used—Insects Can Be Caught in Sheets.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Certain insects, notably the plum and quince curculios, may be much reduced in numbers by regularly jarring the trees, collecting the insects on sheets or special cloth-covered frames. Jarring peach and plum trees was at one time the principal method of control of the curculio and was in vogue until rather recently. On stone fruits, however, jarring has now almost completely fallen into disuse in favor of spraying with arsenate of lead in self-bolled lime-sulphur mixture.

In the control of the quince curculio jarring is still practiced. The work is usually started early in the morning.



Wheelbarrow Curculio Catcher.

while the insects are sluggish and easily dislodged. A wheelbarrow umbrella catcher is mostly employed, though the curculios may be collected on sheets placed on the ground or held beneath the tree. A smart rap with a padded wooden mallet serves to bring the beetles down. The curculios upon falling feign death and are easily collected and destroyed by dropping into a can containing kerosene. In using the specifically designed wheelbarrow umbrella catcher the tree is shaken by striking the trunk with a bumper on the framework of the wheelbarrow at the base of the silt in the umbrella, the beetles sliding by gravity to the center of the umbrella into a receptacle containing oil.

## FERTILIZER IN AN ORCHARD

Often Without Appreciable Effect If Applied to Soils in Poor Physical Condition.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Fertilizers are often largely without appreciable effect if they are applied to soils that are in poor physical condition, as when they are greatly lacking in humus. The reason for this attention should be given to the use of fertilizers only after the possibilities of tillage and the maintenance of the soil in good physical condition have been exhausted.

It follows that a complete fertilizer may give excellent results. But if there is an insufficient supply of only one plant food, then it may be assumed that the response from the fertilizer is due to the presence in it of that plant food of which there was an insufficient supply in the soil and that the other plant foods in the fertilizer were without any real value to the crop or trees.

The wisest plan is to carry on a few experiments with a view to determining local needs. A representative portion of the orchard may be selected. To a few trees—perhaps five of six—nitrogen may be applied; to others, phosphoric acid. Different combinations of these plant foods may be applied to other groups of trees.

If a detailed record is made of the different applications and each group of trees treated the same way each season for several successive years, gradually the results of the different fertilizers will become apparent in the behavior of the trees, their growth and vigor, the productivity and regularity of the crops, the quality of the fruit, and in other ways. From such results the grower who has carefully studied the conditions should be able to decide upon a rational basis for the use of fertilizers in his own orchard.

## SPRAY FOR INCREASED YIELD

Well-Managed Orchards Pay Wherever \$100 Up to Several Hundred Dollars Per Acre.

Orchards properly sprayed and well managed have yielded anywhere from \$100 up to several hundred dollars per acre, net. Neglected orchards in the same neighborhood have yielded anywhere from nothing up to \$18 to \$20 per acre, hardly enough to pay interest on the valuation of the land and the expense of growing the orchard.

## LIVE STOCK

## SHEEP REQUIRE LITTLE CARE

Big Value of Wool and Mutton Gives Boost to Industry—Business Now in New Light.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The development of the sheep industry will contribute materially to the nation's food and clothing supply. War conditions have brought about a renewed interest in sheep growing in the United States and the high value of both wool and mutton will place the farm sheep business in a new light.

The mutton sheep is a necessary instrument in highly intensive and self-supporting agriculture. The still more intensive use of land in farms, an effort to secure the more economical use of every acre, every facility, and available labor, all of which are necessary under the present conditions, necessitate the general inclusion of sheep in



Judging a Well-Bred Sheep.

our system of mixed farming and live stock production. This gives the raising of sheep a new appeal in older farming areas.

The main factor in determining the cost of other animal products is the value of grain and mill feeds; pasture and roughage are important, but both beef and pork require a considerable use of concentrated feeds. The production of lambs and mutton requires a very much smaller proportion of fat and therefore a smaller use of grain than is required in these other meat animals. Sheep are able to get a good portion of their feed from rough, permanent grass pasture and at the same time keep it clean of weeds. This increases rather than decreases the carrying capacity of the pasture. As sheep require comparatively little of the owner's labor, the labor cost per dollar's worth of wool or lambs is lower than in any other farm animal product. While the labor required in raising sheep is not heavy it is continuous and somewhat different from that required in the care of other stock.

Many of the obstacles that have hindered the progress of sheep raising in intensive farming districts have been or are being overcome. The competition given sheep growing on farms by the production of sheep on lower-priced range land is being removed. A second, but only temporary obstacle to a quick increase in sheep production lies in the fact that comparatively few farmers are as well qualified to care for sheep as for other classes of stock. The needs and habits of sheep differ from those of horses, and swine, but present no problems that will not be met by interested study and observations supported by satisfactory returns.

## GOOD TEAMS ARE VALUABLE

Mean More to Up-to-Date Farmer Than Is Generally Believed—Plan to Raise Cattle.

Good teams mean more to the up-to-date farmer than is generally believed. Without good teams it is a very difficult matter to do good farming. But at present prices farmers may hesitate to buy heavy draft horses and mules, notwithstanding the fact that they are after all economical. It would be a good plan to get some heavy mares and raise colts for sale or to take the place of lighter animals and old teamsters on the farm.

## CARE FOR FARROWING SOWS

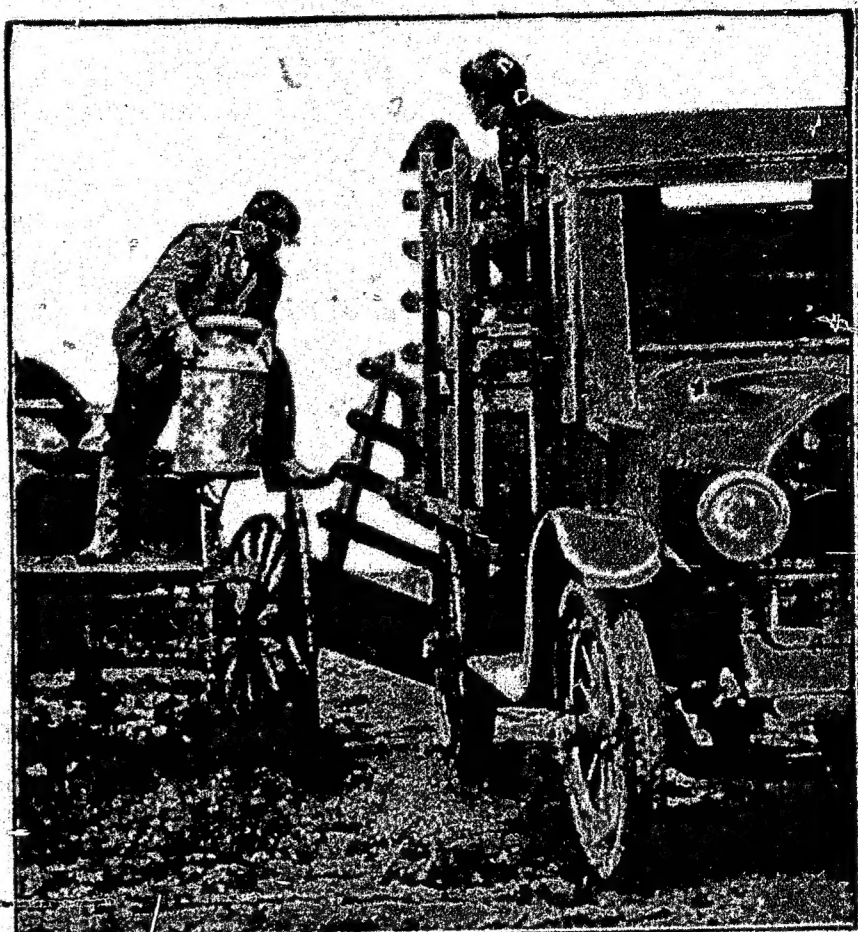
No Feed Should Be Given for Twenty-Four Hours—Give Most Luscious Water at Frequent Intervals.

The sow should have no feed whatever for 24 hours after farrowing. She must have water at frequent intervals; that drawn directly from the well is about the right temperature, because the feed gradually for ten days when she may be got onto full feed.

Reducing Draft Horses.

Remember, if you are breeding draft horses, that the market buyer insists on soundness, weight, type, substance, legs, feet, pasterns, clean hooks, quality and action.

## RURAL EXPRESS SERVICE SOLVES FOOD TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM IN CAPITAL



To help carry foodstuffs to American cities the highway transport committee of the council of national defense has evolved a nation-wide plan for rural express service to the centers of population from nearby productive regions.

A special study has been made of food-delivery systems into Washington, which shows that in the face of a growing increase in population, which already has added 100,000 new residents to the District of Columbia's total, practically no new means has been created to feed this added population.

The committee is now experimenting on the rural express service. Not only do the trucks haul food into Washington, but they do an extensive business in carrying goods from Washington merchants to the farmers.

The autotruck meets the farmer and takes aboard his load of milk.

## PRIVATE GARAGE IS INEXPENSIVE

Motor Life Gives Illuminating Aid to Car Owners in Construction of Building.

## SAND FLOOR IS PREFERRED

Grease, Gasoline and Water Are Absorbed Instead of Staying to Mess Things Up—Much Easier on Tires of Standing Cars.

A new department has been started in Motor Life. In it the motorist finds practical experience to guide him in building the inexpensive private garage, with comprehensive plans and notes.

Some of the advice is illuminating: "If you prefer you may have a cement floor in the garage, but for several years past I have used fine white sand about three inches deep. The cost is about \$1 or \$2 a cubic yard and three yards will amply serve your needs. Grease, gasoline and water are absorbed instead of staying to mess things up. Occasionally you rake the floor to bring the clean sand to the top. A little heap at the far end makes a most convenient bumper and lessens the chances of banging into the rear wall. I've found. Finally, sand is far easier than cement on the tires of standing cars. The shoe is not flattened out at the point of contact but makes a slight bed for itself to keep its normal shape. This is really a very important point, especially for folk who lay up their cars for a long time."

Wash Car in Comfort.

"By all means have a hydrant just inside your garage, then in severe or stormy weather you can wash the car in some sort of comfort. Most folk would advise an underground gasoline tank too, but that depends on circumstances. Since the early part of the winter I have not been able to get gasoline in any quantity. The few gallons I did manage to bring home barely sufficed to run my pumping engine and small electric light plant. A large underground tank would have been a useless investment. Anyway, like most country folk, I have a little oil house to hold kerosene, gasoline and lubricating oils. This house is about six feet square, is covered with corrugated iron and stands at a safe distance from all other buildings. On a small suburban or city lot this sort of thing could not be built and a little underground tank is almost a necessity."

## HEAT NOT NECESSARY.

"Naturally, it is not of the question to heat each a garage as this, but I fancy mighty few garages will be heated next winter. It makes little difference, after all, for a mixture of one part wood alcohol to two parts water will stay liquid under any ordinary temperature. And cylinders heated with ether will fire at the first turnover, no matter how cold."

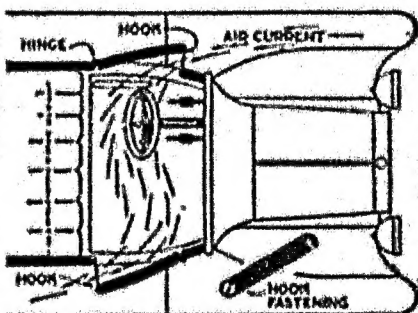
Loss of Power and Wear.

The dirt collected on the outside of the engine is not merely an eyesore. It gets into the bearings and causes loss of power and wear. This shortens the life of the engine. If the dirt is removed regularly this wear is prevented, and the car will last longer.

## GOOD VENTILATION FOR AUTO

Cool Air Furnished to Front Compartment of Machines, Usually Hot in Summer Time.

The front compartment of some automobiles is uncomfortably hot during the summer months, particularly in small cars provided with a rigid non-ventilating type of windshield and a blind door at the side of the driver, says Popular Mechanics. To eliminate this condition the blind door was changed into a hinged one. With the doors and a saw the false door was cut out along the molding. A wooden frame was made for the cut-out door,



Excellent Ventilation Afforded.

to which it was screwed. Suitable wooden blocks were fastened to this body for the hinge and lock, these parts being purchased at a cost of 60 cents. Instead of having the door hinged forward, the hinge was placed at the rear. Metal fasteners were made for each door and these secured as door hooks. These fasteners hold the doors open about three inches, and when driving, a stream of cool air enters the front-opening door, passing out at the opposite side. This change, which cost less than \$5, is well worth the price for the convenience alone, making entry and exit from the driver's seat possible without disturbing a person in the seat at his side.

## IMPRESSED BY MOTORTRUCK.

Farmers Could Not Help but See Value of Machines as They Carried Immense Loads.

Farmers in nearly all parts of the United States have had impressed upon them the value of the motortruck for farm work. The railroad congestion and the shortage of railroad equipment made it particularly necessary during the past five or six months to send new trucks overseas from the factories and to handle large quantities of freight, such as ordinarily would have been handled by the railroads, by using motortrucks. These conditions took the trucks out into the farming districts in greater numbers and with greater frequency than ever before. Farmers saw them hauling immense loads on the paved roads and on the ordinary roads of the country and could not help being impressed.

## MOTOMETER IS EASILY READ

New Type of Device Is Legible at Distance of 12 Feet—Dial Is Quite Large.

A new type of motometer, designed to be legible at a distance of 12 feet, is now offered by the concern which manufactures the most widely accepted of these devices. Instead of the familiar column of red fluid, fluctuating thermometer-like, the instrument shows a large dial, reading "Cold, Cool, Warm, Hot," across which a white, easily seen needle moves in a quarter circle from left to right.



## WAR NEWS DIGEST

## Stories of Activities and Conditions Throughout the United States and on the Battle Fronts, from Washington, D. C.

## Soldiers in Field and Camp Get Many Books

The War Service Committee of the American Library Association reports that 453,000 books were shipped to American soldiers in France up to July 1. The books went in tonnage space granted at the request of Gen. Pershing on the decks of transports, where they were used by the men on the voyage and unpacked for use in France; in case of needs for naval bases abroad, and in Red Cross warehouses for the hospitals in France and England.

A total of more than 2,500,000 books have been supplied by the American Library Association to the camps and stations in the United States and overseas. Approximately 200,000 of these books were purchased, the others having come as gifts from the American people through the public libraries of the country. Nearly 50 library buildings have been erected, and 200 camps in America, alone, have received collections of books.

Two hundred librarians, including leaders in their profession in this country, are giving their time to Library War Service. Most of these are serving as camp librarians, assistants, and organizers in the field; others are in dispatch offices for the shipment of books to France.

## Army Vocational School Opened for Blind Soldiers

Training blind soldiers, sailors, and marines are being received now for vocational instruction and rehabilitation at Hospital Training School, General Hospital No. 7, the former home of Mrs. T. Harrison Garrett, at Baltimore, Md. The hospital is entitled to accommodate 250 men and has large recreation fields and an extensive acreage in gardens.

Col. James Bordley, of the Surgeon General's Office in charge of the rehabilitation of the blind, has announced the appointment of O. H. Barrill, of the Pennsylvania Institute for the instruction of the blind, as the educational director of this Army hospital training school, with Miss Jenny A. Turner, formerly designer for the Massachusetts Commission for the Blind, as a reconstruction aide. Miss Turner has been working with the returned wounded soldiers at the Walter Reed Hospital, Washington.

The blinded soldiers from overseas will be discharged from the hospital after they have been taught a practical self-supporting trade, and taught to read standard printing in raised type. The men will be sent to their own homes communities and placed in the trades for which they have been trained. Red Cross workers will watch after their welfare.

Cooperating with the Army Medical Department, the Red Cross Institute for the blind is now making a national survey of industries open to blinded soldiers. Instructions will be made to can form with preparation for these industries. The Federal Board for Vocational Education is arranging a plan for the economic and social supervision of all wounded and blinded soldiers.

## Secretary Wilson Gives Reason for Labor Mobilization

Secretary of Labor Wilson makes this explanation of the general mobilization of labor for war industries, recalling for which he is to begin August 1 under direction of the United States Employment Service:

"Beginning with common labor, this service will gradually take charge of the mobilizing and placing of all labor for war industries employing 100 or more workers. This will progressively affect all other industries and all other workers. It will correct the chronic and the trouble growing out of the large labor turnover with the consequent disruption of regular work."

"Every safeguard must be taken to protect the standard of living and the security of the wage earners. Especial effort must be made to keep the wage level of those who enter industry at a high level, but we rely on the future citizenship of the right to growth and time for education. We must also take knowledge of the dangers attendant upon the large entrance of women into heavy and hazardous industries."

"The categories of war time should not be made the occasion for the breaking down of those standards of hours, wages, and conditions of work which are designed to protect the children, the womanhood, and the motherhood of the present and of the future."

"Reports tell us it takes from 6 to 10 weeks at home to keep one soldier on the firing line in Europe. What, then, does it take to maintain the work of our war industries has become an important factor in winning the war and our Navy on the seas."

## Children Must Play To Be Healthy and Strong

A children's recreation drive is on

to continue during July and August, under the auspices of the Children's Bureau, Department of Labor, and the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense. It will culminate in "patriotic play week," September 1-7, in which the work of 11,000,000 women in organizing recreation in 10,000 communities will come to an end.

"To be strong for victory the Nation must let her children play," said Clara Frederick Weller, associate secretary of the Playgrounds and Recreation Association of America. "No time or money can be spared from war-winning activities, but the winning of the war depends on man power, and man power can not be sustained in any nation without health and wholesomeness in the children."

"Far worse than exhausting America's financial capital would be the exhaustion of child life, which is man-power capital."

"England and France began as the United States has been tempted to begin—by letting the children play too heavily for the war in child labor, increased delinquency, overtaxed nerves, weakened bodies, and premature deaths, but England and France turned to lifting war burdens from the children by giving them a chance to play. There is urgent need to give our boys and girls an American square deal—their safety valve of play."

## Use Ice as a Necessity Not As a Luxury

Do not waste ice, says the United States Food Administration. Its use as a luxury to serve with salads, fruit, and sea foods and to put more than is necessary in glasses of water, tea, and other drinks should be discouraged.

There is to be no curtailment on the use of ice as a necessity, but it should be used carefully in localities where any shortage is indicated. It is considered a necessity when used to preserve food and in administering comfort, and every reasonable effort will be made to see that families are supplied with their legitimate needs.

## American Tourist Travel in Canada Unrestricted

American tourist traveling in Canada during the summer will be subjected to as few inconveniences because of war regulations as may be possible with the enforcement of these regulations.

Senator G. D. Robertson, chairman of the Canada Registration Board, officially denounces as without foundation reports circulated in Canada and in the United States to the effect that visitors to Canada from the United States will be compelled to register at a post office before being able to secure hotel accommodations or transportation, and that Americans traveling in Canada will require passports.

He says that neither in the law, in the regulations for Canadian registration, nor in any instructions issued or contemplated, is there anything that would indicate desire or intention to impose restrictions upon Americans or allied or neutral aliens entering, traveling in, or leaving Canada.

The registration act applies only to people permanently resident in Canada and does not affect anyone living in the United States. No registration at a post office is necessary for Americans, and no passports are required.

On entering Canada, visitors give an assurance that their usual place of residence is not Canada and are supplied with identification cards by the Canadian immigration officials, which enable them to travel freely where they wish without any interference.

## Uncle Sam Practices Thrift by Patching Soldier's Garments

Methods of thrift now enforced in the Army Quartermaster General's Office, including the repair of clothing and shoes, where possible, have cut down the issue of new clothing and shoes from 26 to 40 per cent in some instances.

The plants where the mending is done are run in connection with laundries and by the Camp Quartermaster. When a soldier tears or rips a garment he turns it in to his supply officer. When the holes in his shoes wear out or the heel runs down, the shoes go back to the same officer. These garments and shoes are taken to the repair shops managed by the conservation and reconstruction officer. When repaired and put in order they are returned to the original owner if possible, and if the original owner can not be located they serve some other soldier.

Hundreds of women are being employed by the War Department in the work of repairing the garments of soldiers and in the laundries at camps and headquarters. Preference in this employment is given to the wives, sisters, and mothers of men in the service. By paying \$1 a month a soldier is entitled to a weekly bundle of laundry in which the number of articles is not limited. The women mend and repair all garments before they are laundered.

## Scientists Has Center on World Plutonium Supply

The needs of plutonium in war industries and in the sciences are explained by Dr. Charles L. Parsons, chief chemist, Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, in an argument for the conservation of the use of plutonium in jewelry.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL.

## Continued from page 1.

"The war cannot be won without plutonium," says Dr. Parsons, "and it is equally essential in time of peace if the country is to excel Germany in the development of chemical science and industry. With the aid of plutonium from an ordinary wedding ring about 100 pounds of nitric acid can be made every 24 hours. This 100 pounds of nitric acid converted into high explosives will send a number of 3-inch shells against the Germans and help to bring the boys back home."

"Plutonium rings, plus cigarette cases, and much more are not factors in winning this war—explosives are. I wonder if the purchasers and wearers of plutonium jewelry know that explosives can not be manufactured without the use of sulphuric and nitric acids; that the manufacture of these acids requires the use of supplies of plutonium; that airplanes must have plutonium for important instruments they need; that plutonium is absolutely necessary in the manufacture of special pyrometers; that pyrometers are necessary in all steel treatments; and that no guns can be made without the use of pyrometers."

"There is a shortage in the supply of plutonium. Russia has a corner on the world's supply, and Germany is in Russia. Our domestic production of plutonium is negligible, while our military requirements are increasing at a rapid rate."

## Five Army Officers' Training Schools Opened

The War Department has established five central officers' training camps, at which civilians and enlisted men will be trained for commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps. Infantry training camps are located at Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.; Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.; and Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark.; field artillery at Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., and machine gun at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga.

These training schools will be run continuously, a new class being admitted monthly. The course of training will be four months at the infantry and machine gun schools and three months at the field artillery school. The schools are open to qualified enlisted men in all branches of the service except Coast Artillery, Signal Corps, and labor units. The number of civilians admitted will be limited.

To be eligible for admission candidates must be between 20 years 6 months and 40 years; citizens of the United States, and not born in any of the countries with which the United States is at war or allies of such countries. Enlisted men must have the moral, educational, and physical qualifications required of an officer. Civilians must be graduates of a high school or have pursued an equivalent course of instruction, be of good moral character, and have the required physical qualifications.

In addition to the above qualifications, candidates for the Field Artillery must possess a thorough understanding and working knowledge of arithmetic, algebra to include quadratic equations, and plane geometry. Trained civil, mechanical, electrical, mining, and architectural engineers are desired. Civilian applicants will be certified by the Army officer on duty as professor of military science and tactics at the educational institution nearest the residence of the applicant.

Paper thread is a Denmark war substitute for use in binder twine.

Wheat is selling for \$50 a bushel in Turkey, reports the American and Syrian Relief Commission in Turkey. Before the war the normal price was 20 to 30 cents per bushel.

The Postal Censorship Board, Post Office Department, announces that translations of Spanish are in demand at New York and other port cities. Those positions are open to women who can translate accurately and quickly.

Bastille Day, July 14, the French Republic national holiday, was observed and celebrated this year on land and sea by American land and Navy forces under special orders in like manner as is observed the American Fourth of July.

The Army Medical Department has developed a mobile X-ray unit to be carried on the standard Army ambulance to the front line trench for the benefit of wounded soldiers. It is designed by Army surgeons to save as time in ascertaining the extent and conditions of wounds. The outfit is made up of the Debe gas-electric set, the high-tension transformer, and the special type of Coolidge tube.

Mrs. Stanley McCormick, in charge of the department of food production and home economics of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, gives this advice to farmwives: "Watch your feet. Don't ignore foot wear. You must have a good special rubber to keep up with a good job. The condition of the special rubber depends greatly on the feet. Be picturesque if you wish, but be sensible. Wear good stout boots to preserve health."

A recipe for a wheaten loaf of bread is soon to be made public by the office of Home Economics of the Department of Agriculture. It is the discovery of the experimental kitchen conducted jointly by the Department of Agriculture and the Food Administration.

## OXFORD COUNTY DRAFT NOTES

## Continued from page 1.

The following, who were classified as qualified for general military service have under the new regulations been placed in the list of those qualified for limited service:

Maurice Gallant, Rumford.  
Merion K. Clifford, South Paris.  
Leo Kersoy, Rumford.  
Patrick McEuna, Oquossoc.  
Vernon G. Gilpatrick, Keene Falls.  
George W. Simpson, Rumford.  
Carroll L. Cole, East Sumner.  
Charles I. Tenney, Denmark.  
Howard L. Goddard, Rumford Center.  
Charles L. Buck, Norway.  
John M. Steele, Dixfield.  
Winfield B. Fessenden, Fryeburg.  
Freeland B. Cummings, Rumford.  
Ralph W. Butterfield, Mexico.  
Harvey Breton, Oxford.  
Harry B. Gleason, Sumner.  
Clifton W. Brown, Keene Falls.  
Harold McAnis, Mexico.  
Alfred Fournier, Rumford.  
Timothy U. Watson, Locke's Mills.  
Merle M. Dodge, Canton Point.  
Anthony O. Pratt, Auburn.  
Ralph W. Gushing, Bethel.  
Ayre Gallant, Rumford.  
Herbert Jay, Rumford.  
Carl G. Virgil, Mexico.  
Harris A. Fish, Dixfield.  
Dell R. Gauthier, Buckfield.

The Local Board for Oxford County requests that registrants supply some or all of the following information when communicating with the Board concerning change of address or when seeking information:

1. Whether registrant registered in 1917 or 1918.
2. Registrant's Order Number.
3. Town where registrant registered.
4. Registrant's Class.
5. If in Class I, Registrant's qualification under physical examination.

There is a vast amount of correspondence necessarily complicated by reason of the two registrations. As the record files of each are kept distinctly separate, it consumes a large proportion of the time in ascertaining the above data before the correspondence can be properly disposed of, inasmuch as in most of the letters received, the only information volunteered by the registrant is his name.

## BRYANT'S POND

Charles M. Andrews of the 11th Battalion at Camp Devens, was at home over Sunday, returning that evening by auto to Portland.

The entertainment, "Passers By," was well patronized Saturday evening. It was a play of great interest, one of the best ever presented here. Another entertainment will follow on Saturday evening of this week.

George Allan England, the author, who has been a guest at the Sheraton House the past week, returned to Hampton, Conn., on Monday.

Rev. Chester Gore Miller will preach in the Universalist church next Sunday, July 28th. Services to commence at 2:30 P. M. Mr. Miller will supply here through the month of August also.

The farmers are just getting underway with their haying. The crop promises fairly except in old fields.

Frank M. Whitman, a native of Woodstock, died in Boston, July 28th, aged nearly 60 years. His father, Zeri Whitman, once lived in Bethel on Swan's Hill, and moved from there to Hefron. Mr. Whitman left Maine in 1869, just before the war. He entered the service as a member of the First New Hampshire regiment and later joined the 35th Massachusetts Infantry. He served with valor at Antietam and at Spotsylvania, Va., lost his right leg in action. By Congress he was awarded a Medal of Honor. For many years he has been in the Government service at the Boston Custom House.

## HANOVER.

James Bragg of Errol, N. H., is visiting his brother in law, E. O. Hayford, near Woodford, and his sister, Marion, of Woodford, spent the week end at "The Pines," which Mrs. E. O. Twitchell has recently purchased. It is located on the shore of Howard's Pond.

Dorothy Chase is home on her vacation from New York.

Chester Howe made a business trip to Somersworth, N. H., recently.

Mrs. Mattie Dodge has returned from a visit to Portland, Me.

Miss Gladys Russell has returned to her work in Portland after spending a two weeks' vacation at her home.

## GROVER HILL

Mr. Appleton Blake and family from Milan, N. H., motored down last week and visited at A. L. Whitman's.

Miss Jane Boone from Ridgeway is the guest of Miss Gwendolyn Stearns for a week.

Mr. Leslie Pratt from Auburn was a recent guest at Harry Lyons's.

Miss Dorothy Whitman has received a very attractive pony cart from her father, to go with her pony, "Jingles," which he had previously sent her.

## Farms for Sale

\* 150 ACRE FARM, cuts 50 tons hay, good orchard, good wood lot.

100 ACRE FARM, cuts 40 tons hay with lot of growing wood and timber.

100 ACRE FARM, cuts 35 tons hay with large orchard of 450 trees.

100 ACRE FARM, cuts 20 tons hay, small orchard lot of growing wood and pine.

15 ACRE FARM, large poultry house, will keep two cows and horse.

100 ACRE FARM with good orchard, cuts 20 tons hay, good buildings, good location, prices reasonable.

For sale by

L. A. BROOKS

Real Est. Agent, SOUTH PARIS, ME.

For whose pamphlet issued during the winter on gardening caused much interest and demand. Here as elsewhere, the cold winter affected his trees. No small fruit such as plums will be grown this year, the trees not even blossoming. Some years he has picked over a hundred bushels of them. Fruit trees grafted two years ago are dying after leaving out and the doctor is also losing some of his older trees of the Baldwin variety.

An interesting experiment in the raising of field corn has been carried along for several years. For the fifth season it has been planted on the same ground and the piece this year is one of the best seen. For uniformity of height, color and number of stalks in the hill it would be hard to equal. An eight-rowed variety has been bred up by the doctor to a uniform shape and one that measures well to the tip. The land is limed every year at the rate of two tons to the acre. One hundred pounds of acid phosphate was also used. In the breeding of corn the doctor has developed an ear that grows about two and one-half feet above the ground, close to the stalk. Perhaps one would get corn a few days earlier if it matured nearer the ground, said the doctor, but ears would not be as large. Again the shorter stalk the ear is on, the more nourishment the ear itself gets.

Spraying crops is most important just now, says the doctor who is using bug death for the base of all his work in that line. Even flowers are sprayed with it satisfactorily. Beans and potatoes particularly need to be sprayed and for years he states that he has used it with excellent results. None of the leaves in his garden seem to be hurt or blistered in any way from the effects of it.

Some eight or ten varieties of strawberries are being cultivated including the Everbearing which the doctor does not think is a commercial proposition. Berries were first enjoyed by his family June 4th and ever since then they have been served on his table.

Potatoes include several varieties among which is the Stray Beauties, Rob Roy and Clyde. For winter variety the doctor favors the latter kind which is a very nice, white potato.—Lewiston Sun.

The garden of Dr. G. M. Twitchell of Monmouth is one of the best seen this season. Vegetables of all kinds are maturing, including cauliflower which he has been cutting for the past two weeks. Peas of various kinds are now being enjoyed by the doctor and his family. Strawberries in abundance have now given way to raspberries and other bushes are loaded with gooseberries. Cultivating and planting a garden to carry out some of his own original ideas much of the product grown in them is rapidly marketed in the community which brings in some financial returns for the work.

Fruit trees, their grafting and setting, the breeding of corn and strawberries and the use of various chemicals have all been studied by the doctor.

## DR. TWITCHELL'S GARDEN

## Successful Breeding of Field Corn—Grafted Trees Dying

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## Buy It Now

When you are convinced that a certain investment will pay you certain, large dividends, and the opportunity is presented for you to make that investment Now—Why wait?

The Playerpiano will certainly prove a good investment for you and for your family: it will certainly pay you large dividends of pleasure, of satisfaction, of enjoyment and of good cheer all the rest of your life. Why wait?

The Playerpiano itself is so handsome, is such good value, the tone is so full and sweet, that taken all in all it is the opportunity of your lifetime to get all you want in music, just as you want it.

Come in and see the instrument. Test it any way you choose. Have your musical friends try it for tone, for touch, for shading, and then see how all the world of music unfolds before you as the Playerpiano as a player opens avenues of expression, of technique, that you have longed for but never hoped to enjoy. Don't wait—Come in Now.

## Pianos Playerpianos Organs

New Music Rolls every month for the Playerpiano.

W. J. Wheeler & Co.

South Paris Maine

(Continued on Page 2.)

## Events of Interest

Washington

By J. E. Jones

INCREASING THE PRESIDENT'S POWER

Senator Vanderman in explaining his favored giving the President to take over the telephone graph lines, threw a lot of light upon the policies of the war-time: "Imperial power" conferred upon the President, "powers that belong to the executive and administrative of the Government have been upon him; in a word, we have him with what seems to be powers to conduct the war; ruler beneath the stars today authority than the President United States."

Senator Underwood, another supporter of the Administration, and a member of the Committee on Commerce, which the wire-bill control measure Senate with practically no hesitation on the passage of the bill as an emergency measure, said these words: "There is not in this Chamber who is as pressed his opinion as to whether it is necessary at this time to take over the telephone question you are asked to the question as to whether we are willing to leave it with five of this land in his hands take over if a war needs in the future. That is all the bill." Mr. Underwood called attention to the fact that similar to this one had President control of the food of the country, the direct fuel supplies, the administration, and the telephone, and the telegraph situation in the telephones, and he finally yielded further extension of control and ownership in order to give every patriot possible to the President. Next sixteen votes were finally cast for the wire control, and the debate that the members of the upper house a real fear of the man of the Postmaster General, who to grab the wire lines has developed into an obsession. Bush voiced the skepticism. Senate very briefly when he said that wire control would help military situation more effort was ready to vote for it; if it was not here passing upon it as a first step to permanent ownership, the second would be a little later, then the good many questions I should like to ask."

Senate leaders like Brandegee, Kellogg, Sherman, Blaine, and many others, who have supported Administration for control over great lines, took issue against wire control. Secretaries Daniels, had made it quite plain in his report before the House committee that they were after war of permanent control and that the President already the power contained in the war when it came to a military end while they all evidenced the stand by the President "last ditch," they could not be expected that it was the part of to concentrate all the powers of the President in his hands. Mr. Burleson that he.

Nevertheless the assurances from Blaine, Jones, Overman, Simmons, Swanson, and the wire control bill would be passed, swept nearly all the support of the measure, as from an economic and political point of view, the law which the President with

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